

CHEMISTREE TECHNOLOGY INC.
(Formerly – Whattozee Networks Inc.)

Financial Statements
(Unaudited)
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

For the three months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016

NOTICE OF NO AUDIT OR REVIEW OF INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Under National Instrument 51-102, Part 4, subsection 4.3(3)(a), if an auditor has not performed a review of the interim financial statements, they must be accompanied by a notice indicating that the financial statements have not been reviewed by an auditor.

The accompanying unaudited interim financial statements of the Company have been prepared by and are the responsibility of the Company's management.

The Company's independent auditor has not performed a review of these financial statements in accordance with standards established by the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants for a review of interim financial statements by an entity's auditor.

CHEMISTREE TECHNOLOGY INC. (Formerly – Whattozee Networks Inc.)
Statement of Financial Position
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

		September 30, 2017	June 30, 2017
		\$	\$
	Notes		
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents		399,093	135,795
Taxes receivable		13,453	6,919
Prepays and deposits		22,496	-
Total current assets		435,042	142,714
Total assets		435,042	142,714
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		64,397	38,084
Due to related parties	6	2,445	2,445
Interest payable		2,942	-
Loan payable	5	-	76,036
Total current liabilities		69,784	116,565
Notes Payable	5	386,959	-
Total liabilities		456,743	116,565
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Share capital	7	10,107,349	10,107,349
Shares subscribed		125,000	-
Contributed surplus	7	761,418	761,418
Deficit		(11,015,468)	(10,842,618)
Total shareholders' equity		(21,701)	26,149
Total liabilities and equity		435,042	142,714

Nature and continuance of operations (Note 1)

Events after the reporting period (Note 12)

APPROVED BY THE DIRECTORS:

Signed: "**Karl Kottmeier**"

Director

Signed: "**Douglas Ford**"

Director

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements

CHEMISTREE TECHNOLOGY INC. (Formerly – Whattozee Networks Inc.)
Statement of Comprehensive Loss
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

		Three months ended	
		September 30,	
		2017	2016
		\$	\$
	Notes		
Expenses			
Business development	4,6	52,058	79,048
Consulting services	4,6	-	24,000
General and administrative	6	12,572	15,250
Insurance		4,441	2,363
Interest		2,942	-
Management fees	6	60,000	30,000
Professional fees		33,171	3,825
Transfer agent and regulatory fees		7,471	4,752
Loss before other items		(172,655)	(159,238)
Other income	4	-	431
Foreign exchange gain (loss)		(195)	26
Net loss and comprehensive loss for the period		(172,850)	(158,781)
Loss per common share - basic and diluted		(0.01)	(0.03)
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding			
- basic and diluted		15,148,405	5,148,405

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements

CHEMISTREE TECHNOLOGY INC. (Formerly – Whattozee Networks Inc.)
Statement of Cash Flows
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	Three months ended	
	September 30,	
	2017	2016
	\$	\$
<i>Notes</i>		
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net loss for the year	(172,850)	(158,781)
Changes in non-cash working capital items:		
Receivables and prepaids	(29,030)	8,990
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(46,781)	131,677
Cash used in operating activities	(248,661)	(18,114)
 FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Shares subscribed for cash	125,000	-
Proceeds from Promissory Notes issued	386,959	-
Cash provided by financing activities	511,959	-
 Total change in cash during the period	263,298	(18,114)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	135,795	34,384
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	399,093	16,270
 Cash and cash equivalents is comprised of:		
Cash	387,593	4,770
Short-term deposits	11,500	11,500
	399,093	16,270
 Cash paid for:		
Interest	-	-
Income taxes	-	-
 Cash received for:		
Interest	-	-

Significant non-cash transactions

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CHEMISTREE TECHNOLOGY INC. (Formerly – Whattozee Networks Inc.)

Statement of Changes in Equity

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

For the three months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016

Notes	Number of shares	Share capital \$	Share subscription \$	Contributed surplus \$	Deficit \$	Total \$
Balance at June 30, 2016	5,148,405	9,613,138	-	693,365	(10,318,200)	(11,697)
Loss for the period	-	-	-	-	(158,781)	(158,781)
Balance at September 30, 2016	5,148,405	9,613,138	-	693,365	(10,476,981)	(170,478)
Balance at June 30, 2016	15,148,405	10,107,349	-	761,418	(10,842,618)	26,149
Loss for the period	-	-	-	-	(172,850)	(172,850)
Shares subscribed	-	-	125,000	-	-	125,000
Balance at September 30, 2017	15,148,405	10,107,349	125,000	761,418	(11,015,468)	(21,701)

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements

CHEMISTREE TECHNOLOGY INC. (Formerly – Whattozee Networks Inc.)

Notes to the Financial Statements

September 30, 2017

1. Nature and continuance of operations

Chemistree Technology Inc. (the “Company”) was incorporated in the Province of British Columbia on March 14, 2008 under the Business Corporations Act of British Columbia. The name change to Chemistree Technology Inc. became effective August 3, 2017. The Company’s registered office is located at Suite 810 - 609 Granville Street, Vancouver, British Columbia.

The Company is a Canadian development stage technology company involved in the business of developing a social media marketing platform. The specific business objectives for Chemistree are to continue to develop the Company’s website including its social media event marketing engine, its Influencer contact database and its core ecommerce offering. Historically, the Company was in the process of exploring and developing its mineral properties. It has not yet determined whether the properties contain ore reserves that are economically recoverable.

The ability of the Company to continue to operate as a going concern is dependent on its ability to ultimately operate its business at a profit. To date, the Company has not generated any revenues from operations and will require additional funds to meet its obligations and the costs of its operations. As a result, further losses are anticipated prior to the generation of any profits. As at September 30, 2017, the Company had working capital of \$365,258 (June 30, 2017 year end: \$26,149) and had accumulated a deficit of \$11,015,468 (June 30, 2017 year end: \$10,842,618) since inception.

The Company’s future capital requirements will depend on many factors, including the operating costs of developing, implementing and launching its social media marketing platform. The Company’s anticipated operating losses and increasing working capital requirements will require that it obtain additional capital to continue operations.

The Company will depend almost exclusively on outside capital. Such outside capital will include the sale of additional shares. There can be no assurance that capital will be available as necessary to meet these continuing exploration and development costs or, if the capital is available, that it will be on terms acceptable to the Company. The issuances of additional equity securities by the Company may result in significant dilution to the equity interests of its current shareholders. Obtaining commercial loans, assuming those loans would be available, will increase the Company’s liabilities and future cash commitments.

These financial statements have been prepared on the assumption that the Company will continue as a going concern, meaning it will continue in operation for the foreseeable future and will be able to realize assets and discharge liabilities in the ordinary course of operations. The ability of the Company to continue operations as a going concern is ultimately dependent upon achieving profitable operations. To date, the Company has not generated profitable operations from its resource activities and will need to invest additional funds in carrying out its planned exploration, development and operational activities. These financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of recorded asset amounts and classification of liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern.

2. Basis of presentation

a) Statement of Compliance

These unaudited condensed interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standards (“IAS”) 34, Interim Financial Reporting as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (“IASB”). The unaudited condensed interim financial statements follow the same accounting policies and methods of application as our most recent annual financial statements and do not include all of the information required for full annual financial statements. Accordingly, they should be read in conjunction with our IFRS financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. The accounting policies applied in these unaudited condensed interim financial statements are based on International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”) issued and outstanding as of November 27, 2017, the date the Board of Directors approved these unaudited condensed interim financial statements and they are consistent with those disclosed in the annual financial statements.

Effective January 27, 2017, the Company consolidated its common share capital on a 3-old for 1-new basis, whereby each three old shares are equal to one new share without par value. All references to common shares, stock options, warrants and weighted average number of shares outstanding in these consolidated financial statements reflect the share consolidation unless otherwise noted.

These financial statements were approved for issue by the Board of Directors on November 27, 2017.

b) Basis of Measurement

These financial statements have been prepared on an accrual basis and are based on historical costs, modified where applicable. The financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, unless otherwise noted, which is the functional currency of the Company.

CHEMISTREE TECHNOLOGY INC. (Formerly – Whattozee Networks Inc.)

Notes to the Financial Statements

September 30, 2017

3. Significant accounting policies

a) Cash and cash equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid instruments, generally with a maturity of three months or less at the time of issuance, to be cash equivalents.

b) Critical accounting estimates and judgments

The Company makes estimates and assumptions about the future that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual experience may differ from these estimates and assumptions.

The effect of a change in an accounting estimate is recognized prospectively by including it in comprehensive income in the period of the change, if the change affects that period only, or in the period of the change and future periods, if the change affects both.

Information about critical accounting estimates and judgments in applying accounting policies that have the most significant risk of causing material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities recognized in the financial statements are discussed below:

Estimates

Share-based payment transactions

The Company measures the cost of equity-settled transactions with employees by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments at the date at which they were granted. Estimating the fair value for share-based payment transactions requires determining the most appropriate valuation model, which is dependent on the terms and conditions of the grant. This estimate also requires determining the most appropriate inputs to the valuation model including the expected life of the share option, volatility and dividend yield and making assumptions about them.

c) Share-based compensation

The Company applies the fair value method of accounting for all stock option awards and equity settled restricted share units. Under this method, the Company recognizes a compensation expense for all stock options awarded to employees, based on the fair value of the options on the date of grant which is determined by using the Black-Scholes option pricing model for stock option awards, and the quoted market value of the shares for restricted share units. The fair value of the options is expensed over the vesting period of the options. No expense is recognized for awards that do not ultimately vest.

Option valuation models such as Black-Scholes, require the input of highly subjective assumptions, including the expected price volatility. Changes in these assumptions can materially affect the fair value estimate.

CHEMISTREE TECHNOLOGY INC. (Formerly – Whattozee Networks Inc.)

Notes to the Financial Statements

September 30, 2017

3. Significant accounting policies (cont'd)

d) Future accounting changes

The Company has not early adopted the following revised standards and is currently assessing the impact that these standards will have on its future financial statements.

Other accounting standards or amendments to existing accounting standards that have been issued but have future effective dates are either not applicable or are not expected to have a significant impact on the Company's financial statements.

New Accounting Standards

New standards and interpretations not yet adopted

Certain new standards, interpretations, amendments and improvements to existing standards were issued by the IASB or IFRIC that are mandatory for future accounting periods. The following have not yet been adopted by the Company and are being evaluated to determine their impact.

- IFRS 9: New standard that replaced IAS 39 for classification and measurement, tentatively effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018.
- IFRS 15: In May 2014, the IASB issued IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers, which covers principles that an entity shall apply to report useful information to users of financial statements about the nature, amount, timing, and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from contracts with customers. The standard must be applied retrospectively with certain disclosure exemptions, with earlier application permitted. The effective date for IFRS 15 is for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018.
- Partial replacement of IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement. This standard is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of this standard. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of this standard.

4. Diversification strategy

Commencing in the prior year, the Company engaged the services of an external consultant to review projects in the technology space and to potentially develop technology-based concepts in-house. The Company identified an underserved niche; and developed the concept internally under the project name "Whattozee". Whattozee synthesizes two online businesses on one platform; event planning and social media marketing. This organically developed concept is still in its formative stages, and in the current year was refocused on traditional marketing, branding, and social media marketing.

During the year ended June 30, 2017 the Company launched an invitation-only test version of its social media marketing platform. Some limited revenues were recorded during the period of the test. The Company has continued to fine-tune the technology in preparation for a commercial launch.

The Company will continue to identify other avenues for growth for social media marketing services, as well as brand marketing, product marketing, and more general services like financing and corporate consulting, and is continuing its search for complimentary technologies to those developed in-house to drive the Whattozee engine.

5. Notes payable

Effective July 17, 2017, the Company issued Promissory Notes to evidence borrowings. The notes mature on July 17, 2027, and bear interest at the Canadian prime bank rate plus 0.5 percent. As at September 30, 2017, the principal amount of the notes issued was \$313,725 (2016: \$nil) and \$73,234 (USD \$58,750) (2016 - \$nil).

As at September 30, 2017, the Company has \$nil (June 30, 2017 year end - \$76,036 (USD \$58,750)) in loans owing to an arm's length third party. The loan was effectively replaced with a promissory note.

CHEMISTREE TECHNOLOGY INC. (Formerly – Whattozee Networks Inc.)**Notes to the Financial Statements**

September 30, 2017

6. Related party transactions and balances

Related party transactions were in the normal course of business and have been recorded at the exchange amount; which is the fair value agreed to between the parties. Amounts due to related parties are unsecured, non-interest bearing and without specific terms of repayment.

During the periods ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, the Company entered into transactions with related parties comprised of directors, officers and companies with common directors as follows:

Related party	Nature of transaction
Pacific Equity Management Corp. ("PEMC")	Management fees for services provided by CEO, CFO, VP Corporate Development, VP Finance, Accountant, Secretary, Administrator and all support staff; includes rent and shared office expenses. Under a separate agreement rent and shared office expenses commencing July 1, 2017.
Contact Financial Corp. ("CFC")	Rent and shared office expenses as per original rental agreement terminated June 30, 2017.
1044825 BC Ltd. ("1BL")	Consulting fees for services provided by former CTO
Justin Chorbajian ("Chorbajian")	Note payable issued for funds advanced by a Director

Due to related parties include the following amounts:

	September 30, 2017	September 30, 2016
	\$	\$
PEMC	695	126,995
CFC	1,750	15,750
1BL	-	17,747
	2,445	160,492

For the period ended September 30, 2017, the Company paid a total of \$60,000 (2016: \$30,000) to PEMC, a company controlled by two officers of the Company for management services. Pursuant to an amended Management Services Agreement, the Company is required to pay \$20,000 per month, and the agreement can be terminated by either party with six months' notice.

For the period ended September 30, 2017, the Company paid \$7,500 (2016: \$nil) to PEMC, a company controlled by two officers of the Company for rent and office services. Pursuant to an amended rental agreement, the Company is required to pay \$2,500 per month to PEMC. The amended agreement with PEMC can be terminated by either party with six months' notice.

For the period ended September 30, 2017, the Company paid \$nil (2016: \$15,000) for rent and office services to CFC, a company controlled by an officer of the Company and in which a second officer of the Company is a significant shareholder. Pursuant to an amended rental agreement, the Company was required to pay \$2,500 per month to PEMC, thus terminating the agreement with CFC.

For the period ended September 30, 2017, the Company paid a total of \$nil (2016: \$24,000) to 1BL, a company controlled by the former CTO for consulting services.

Included in the Note Payable financing, as disclosed in Note 5, is \$78,431 (2016: \$nil) the amount as subscribed by Chorbajian.

The aggregate values of transactions relating to key management personnel were as follows:

	September 30, 2017	September 30, 2016
CEO fees	\$ 15,000	\$ 18,150
CFO fees	15,000	18,150
Other management fees	30,000	-
Rent	7,500	15,000
Consulting	-	24,000

CHEMISTREE TECHNOLOGY INC. (Formerly – Whattozee Networks Inc.)**Notes to the Financial Statements**

September 30, 2017

7. Share capital and contributed surplus

a) Authorized:

Unlimited common shares without par value

Effective January 27, 2017, the Company consolidated its common share capital on a 3-old for 1-new basis, whereby each three old shares are equal to one new share without par value. All references to common shares, stock options, warrants and weighted average number of shares outstanding in these consolidated financial statements reflect the share consolidation unless otherwise noted.

b) Issued common shares: Refer to Statement of Changes in Equity

c) Private placements

Subsequent to the period-end, effective October 12, 2017, the Company closed the first tranche of the non-brokered private placement as announced August 3, 2017. The Company issued 5,146,000 common shares at \$0.25 per share for gross proceeds of \$1,286,500.

In the 2016 period, in two tranches – the Company closed the non-brokered private placement announced November 18, 2016. It issued 10,000,000 common shares at \$0.05 cents per share, for proceeds of \$500,000. The proceeds from both private placements were added to the Company's working capital.

d) Options:

During the year ended June 30, 2009, the Company adopted a Stock Option Plan (the "Plan"). The purpose of the Plan is to give to eligible persons, as additional compensation, the opportunity to participate in the success of the Company by granting to such individuals options, exercisable over periods of up to five years, as determined by the board of directors of the Company, to buy shares of the Company at a price equal to the Market Price prevailing on the date the option is granted less applicable discount, if any, permitted by the policies of the Exchange and approved by the Board. The maximum number of Shares which may be issuable pursuant to options granted under the Plan shall be that number equal to 10% of the Company's issued share capital from time to time.

	Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price \$
Balance, June 30, 2017	950,000	0.13
Expired	nil	-
Balance, September 30, 2017	950,000	0.13

As at September 30, 2017, the following stock options were outstanding and exercisable:

Number	Exercise Price	Expiry Date	Remaining Contractual Life (in years)
50,000	\$0.36	April 8, 2021	3.52
900,000	\$0.10	June 7, 2022	4.69

These options entitle the holder thereof the right to acquire one common share for each option held. The weighted average remaining life of outstanding options is 4.63 years.

For the period ended September 30, 2017, the Company did not grant any stock options (2016: nil).

CHEMISTREE TECHNOLOGY INC. (Formerly – Whattozee Networks Inc.)

Notes to the Financial Statements

September 30, 2017

8. Capital management

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to pursue and complete the identification and evaluation of assets, properties or businesses with a view to acquisition or participation in a qualifying transaction, to maintain financial strength and to protect its ability to meet its on-going liabilities, to continue as a going concern, to maintain credit worthiness and to maximize returns for shareholders over the long term. The Company does not have any externally imposed capital requirements to which it is subject. Capital is comprised of the Company's shareholders' equity.

As at September 30, 2017, the Company had capital resources consisting of cash and cash equivalents. The Company manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may attempt to issue new shares or adjust the amount of cash and cash equivalents.

The Company's investment policy is to invest its cash in investment instruments in high credit quality financial institutions with terms to maturity selected with regards to the expected time of expenditures from continuing operations.

The Company expects its current capital resources are sufficient to carry on its planned operations.

9. Financial instruments, fair value measurement and risk

a) Financial Instruments

As at September 30, 2017, the Company's financial instruments consist of cash and cash equivalents, taxes receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities. The fair values of these financial instruments approximate their carrying values because of their short-term nature.

b) Fair Value Measurements

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value hierarchy establishes three levels to classify the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value, by reference to the reliability of the inputs used to estimate the fair values.

Level 1

Level 1 applies to assets or liabilities for which there are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2

Level 2 applies to assets or liabilities for which there are inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in markets with insufficient volume or infrequent transactions (less active markets); or model-derived valuations in which significant inputs are observable or can be derived principally from, or corroborated by, observable market data.

Level 3

Level 3 applies to assets or liabilities for which there are unobservable inputs to the valuation methodology that are significant to the measurement of the fair value of the assets or liabilities.

The fair value of cash and cash equivalents are determined based on "Level 1" inputs which consist of quoted prices in active markets for identical assets. As at September 30, 2017, the Company believes that the carrying values of taxes receivable and accounts payable and accrued liabilities, due to related parties, and Promissory Note approximate their fair values because of their nature and relatively short maturity dates or durations.

CHEMISTREE TECHNOLOGY INC. (Formerly – Whattozee Networks Inc.)

Notes to the Financial Statements

September 30, 2017

9. Financial instruments, fair value measurement and risk (cont'd)

c) Financial Risks

(i) Credit Risk

Credit risk arises from the non-performance by counterparties of contractual financial obligations. The Company's maximum credit risk is \$412,546 (2016 - \$24,023) consisting of cash and cash equivalents and taxes receivable. The Company limits its exposure to credit loss for cash and cash equivalents by placing such instruments with high credit quality financial institutions. The values of these instruments may exceed amounts insured by an agency of the government of Canada. Accounts receivable include harmonized sales tax receivable from an agency of the government of Canada. In management's opinion, the Company's credit risk related to cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and exploration advances is minimal.

(ii) Liquidity Risk

The Company's approach to managing liquidity risk is to ensure that it will have sufficient financial resources to meet liabilities when due. As at September 30, 2017, the Company had working capital of \$365,258 (2017 year-end: \$26,149). All of the Company's financial liabilities have contractual maturities of less than 30 days and are subject to normal trade terms. As at September 30, 2017, the Company has sufficient working capital to discharge its existing financial obligations.

(iii) Interest Rate Risk

The Company is subject to interest rate risk as its cash equivalents bear interest at fixed rates. In management's opinion, the Company's interest rate risk is minimal as its cash equivalents may be redeemed upon demand without significant penalty.

(iv) Foreign Currency Risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or the future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. Historically, the Company operated internationally. Such operations give rise to the risk that cash flows may be adversely impacted by exchange rate fluctuations. Amounts subject to currency risk are primarily those cash and cash equivalents and receivables and prepaids that are held in foreign currencies, offset by those accounts payable denominated in foreign currencies. The Company raises funds in Canadian dollars and primarily spends funds in Canadian dollars. The Company is exposed to currency risk primarily on settlements of purchases that were denominated in currencies other than the Canadian dollar. In order to reduce the Company's exposure to currency risk, the Company may periodically increase or decrease the amount of funds held in foreign currencies.

10. Non-cash transactions

The Company has recorded no non-cash Investing and Financing Activities in the period.

11. Segmented information

The Company operates in one segment – as a development stage technology company involved in the business of developing a social media marketing platform. As a legacy asset, the Company maintains an interest in a mineral property. As at September 30, 2017, all the Company's operations and assets were in Canada.

12. Events after the reporting period

- a) The Company arranged a non-brokered private placement financing to raise up to \$2-million for general corporate working capital purposes. The offering will consist of up to eight million common shares at a price of 25 cents per share. Finders' fees may be payable in connection with the private placement. On October 12, 2017, the Company closed the first tranche of the private placement issuing 5,146,000 common shares at \$0.25 for gross proceeds of \$1,286,500.
- b) Effective October 17, 2017, the Company incorporated a wholly-owned subsidiary "Chemistree Washington Ltd." In subsequent reporting periods, the Company will consolidate the operations of Chemistree Washington into its financial statements.