

Aydon Income Properties Inc.

Consolidated Financial Statements

September 30, 2017

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

Aydon Income Properties Inc.

Consolidated statements of financial position

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	Notes	September 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash		\$ 52,617	\$ 1,646
Receivables	4	21,898	22,037
Assets held for sale	8	95,115	329,027
Refundable deposit		4,808	44,309
		174,438	397,019
TOTAL ASSETS			
		\$ 174,438	\$ 397,019
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Trade payables and accrued liabilities	5	\$ 341,841	\$ 258,287
Loan payable		59,049	44,362
Liabilities of assets held for sale	7	28,600	87,947
Obligation to issue shares		-	45,000
		429,490	435,596
Non-current liabilities			
Convertible debentures	6	479,472	479,472
TOTAL LIABILITIES			
		908,962	915,068
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Share capital	9	809,667	674,167
Share-based payment reserve	9	325,921	325,921
Currency translation reserve	9	(1,177)	(9,688)
Deficit		(1,868,935)	(1,508,449)
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY			
		(734,524)	(518,049)
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY			
		\$ 174,438	\$ 397,019

Going concern (Note 1)

Approved on behalf of the Board of Directors:

"V. Wadhvani"**Chief Executive Officer****"D. Carkeek"****Chief Financial Officer**

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

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Aydon Income Properties Inc.

Consolidated statements of comprehensive loss

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	Notes	Quarter ending September 30, 2017	Quarter ended September 30, 2016	Period ending September 30, 2017	Period ended September 30, 2016
Management fee income		\$1,509	\$744	\$14,873	\$ 1,786
Expenses					
Communications		-	-	1,601	1,114
Filing and listing costs		19,907	9,376	41,130	23,942
Foreign exchange loss realised		1,956	-	14,183	-
Management fees	10	66,280	137,594	181,220	218,450
Office and miscellaneous		1,836	883	3,667	10,194
Professional fees		23,320	-	46,305	21,379
Travel expense		2,002	-	4,315	-
		115,302	147,853	292,422	275,079
Other items					
Forgiveness of debt		-	-	(6,300)	-
Loss on disposition of assets held for sale	7	12,243	-	41,989	-
Interest expense		15,509	6,339	47,248	17,212
		27,753	6,339	82,938	17,212
Net loss		141,545	153,448	360,486	290,505
Other comprehensive (loss) gain					
Foreign currency translation		800	87	8,511	308
Comprehensive loss		142,345	153,361	\$ 368,997	\$ 290,813
Loss per share – basic and diluted	9	(0.005)	(0.006)	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.012)
Weighted average shares outstanding	9	26,790,377	24,314,899	26,790,377	24,314,899

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

Aydon Income Properties Inc.

Consolidated statements of changes in equity

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	Notes	Share capital		Reserves				
		Number of shares	Amount	Obligation to Issue Shares	Share Based Payment Reserve	Currency translation reserve	Deficit	Total
Balance at April 30, 2015		24,083,081	\$ 601,217	\$ (18,500)	\$ 250,000	\$ (1,069)	\$ (670,744)	\$ 160,904
Convertible debenture	6	-	-	-	12,971	-	-	12,971
Net loss		-	-	-	-	-	(170,314)	(170,314)
Other comprehensive loss		-	-	-	-	875	-	875
Subscriptions received		-	-	18,500	-	-	-	18,500
Balance at December 31, 2015		24,083,081	601,217	-	262,971	(194)	(841,058)	22,936
Net loss		-	-	-	-	-	(290,813)	(290,813)
Other comprehensive loss		-	-	-	-	(5,169)	-	(5,169)
Shares issued	9	231,818	25,500	-	-	-	-	25,500
Prior year Deconsolidation Adj							(1,140)	(1,140)
Balance at September 30, 2016		24,314,899	626,717	-	262,971	(5,363)	(1,133,011)	(248,686)
Net loss		-	-	-	-	-	(375,438)	(375,438)
Other comprehensive loss		-	-	-	-	(4,325)	-	(4,325)
Shares issued for consulting	9	1,250,000	50,000	-	-	-	-	50,000
Share issue costs	9	-	(2,550)	-	-	-	-	(2,550)
Convertible debentures	6	-	-	-	35,267	-	-	35,267
Stock based compensation	9	-	-	-	27,683	-	-	27,683
Balance at December 31, 2016		25,564,899	\$ 674,167	\$ -	\$ 325,921	\$ (9,688)	\$ (1,508,449)	\$ (518,049)
Net loss		-	-	-	-	-	(360,486)	(360,486)
Other comprehensive gain/loss		-	-	-	-	8,511	-	8,511
Shares issued	9	1,355,000	135,500	-	-	-	-	135,500
Balance at September 30, 2017		26,919,899	\$ 809,667	\$ -	\$ 325,921	\$ (1,177)	\$ (1,868,935)	\$ (734,524)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

Aydon Income Properties Inc.

Consolidated statements of cash flows

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	Period ended September 30, 2017	Year ended September 30, 2016
Operating activities		
Net loss	\$ (360,486)	\$ (290,505)
Items not affecting cash:		
Non-cash interest expense	27,380	17,212
Foreign exchange	(18,869)	
	(351,976)	(273,293)
Changes in non-cash working capital items:		
Receivables	39,640	12,992
Assets held for sale	233,912	
Trade payables and accrued liabilities	(6,105)	231,549
Net cash flows used in operating activities	(84,529)	(54,736)
Financing activities		
Proceeds on issuance of common shares	135,500	25,500
Proceeds on issuance of convertible debentures		10,000
Net cash flows from financing activities	135,500	35,500
Effect of foreign currency translation and reserves		5,336
Increase (decrease) in cash	50,971	(13,900)
Cash, beginning	1,646	9,459
Cash, ending	\$ 52,617	\$ (4,441)

Aydon Income Properties Inc.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

For the period ended September 30, 2017

1. Nature and continuance of operations

Genesis Income Properties Inc. ("Genesis") was incorporated on April 7, 2014 under the laws of the province of British Columbia. Aydon Income Properties Inc. (the "Company") was formed by amalgamation of Genesis and Forbairt Development Acquisition Corp. ("Forbairt") under a Plan of Arrangement approved by the Supreme Court of British Columbia on August 27, 2014. The Company completed all requirements for a listing on the Canadian Stock Exchange ("CSE") under the symbol "AYD" and started trading on March 12, 2015.

During the period ended December 31, 2015, the Company changed its fiscal year end from April 30 to December 31.

The principal address and records office of the Company is located at 202 - 5626 Larch Street, Vancouver, BC, V6M 4E1.

The Company was established for the purpose of investing in income-producing residential properties in the USA and Canada. The Company's business model calls for the financing of the acquisition of rental and development properties through the establishment of Limited Partnerships which will be under the management of General Partners owned and operated by the Company.

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the assumption that the Company will continue as a going concern, meaning it will continue in operation for the foreseeable future and will be able to realize assets and discharge liabilities in the ordinary course of operations. A different basis of measurement may be appropriate if the Company is not expected to continue operations for the foreseeable future. The success of the Company is dependent on certain factors that may be beyond management's control such as economic, currency and liquidity risk. If the Company is unable to fund its investments or otherwise fails to invest in properties, its business, financial condition and results of operations could be materially affected. The Company has incurred operating losses since incorporation and has an accumulated deficit totalling \$1,868,935. The Company's continuation as a going concern is dependent upon successful results from its activities, its ability to raise sufficient equity financings, issuing debt or securing related party advances to complete the identification and acquisition of suitable properties in accordance with its business plan and ultimately achieving profitable operations. These factors indicate the existence of a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of recorded asset and classification of liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern. Management intends to finance operating costs over the next twelve months with existing working capital, public and private placements of common shares and loans from directors. While management has been successful in obtaining sufficient funding for its operating, capital and operations requirements from the inception of the Company to date, there is no assurance that additional funding will be available to the Company, when required, or on terms which are acceptable to management.

2. Significant accounting policies and basis of preparation

The financial statements were authorized for issue on November 22, 2017 by the directors of the Company.

Statement of compliance

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"), as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and including interpretations of the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC") as applicable to the preparation of financial statements.

Aydon Income Properties Inc.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

For the period ended September 30, 2017

2. Significant accounting policies and basis of preparation (continued)***Basis of preparation***

The consolidated financial statements of the Company have been prepared on an accrual basis and are based on historical costs, modified where applicable. The consolidated financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars unless otherwise noted.

Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its controlled entities. Details of controlled entities are as follows:

	Country of incorporation	Percentage owned*	
		September 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
AIP General Partner Ltd.	Canada	100%	100%
AIP General Partner USA Inc.	USA	100%	100%
AIP Limited Partnership	Canada	100%	100%
AIP USA Limited Partnership 1	USA	100%	100%

*Percentage of voting power is in proportion to ownership.

Inter-company balances and transactions, including unrealized income and expenses arising from inter-company transactions, are eliminated on consolidation. AIP Limited Partnership and AIP USA Limited Partnership 1 have been consolidated from November 1, 2016, the day the Company obtained control. Prior to November 1, 2016 they were accounted for under the equity method.

Jointly controlled entities

A jointly controlled entity is a corporation or other entity in which each venture holds an interest. A jointly controlled entity operates in the same way as other entities, except that a contractual arrangement established joint control. A jointly controlled entity controls the assets of the joint venture, earns its own income and incurs its own liabilities and expenses. Interests in jointly controlled entities are accounted for using the equity method.

Significant accounting judgments, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of the Company's financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Estimates and assumptions are continuously evaluated and are based on management's experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. However, actual outcomes can differ from these estimates.

Areas requiring a significant degree of estimation and judgment relate to fair value measurements of financial instruments, stock-based compensation and other equity-based payments, and the recoverability of deferred tax assets and liabilities. Actual results may differ from those estimates and judgments.

Aydon Income Properties Inc.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

For the period ended September 30, 2017

2. Significant accounting policies and basis of preparation (continued)

Significant judgements

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with IFRS requires the Company to make judgments, apart from those involving estimates, in applying accounting policies. The most significant judgments in applying the Company's financial statements include:

- the assessment of the Company's ability to continue as a going concern and whether there are events or conditions that may give rise to a significant uncertainty; and
- the determination of the functional currency of the parent company and its subsidiaries.

Foreign currency translation

The functional currency of each entity is measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which that entity operates. The consolidated financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars which is the Company's and AIP General Partners Ltd's functional and presentation currency. The functional currency of AIP General Partner USA Inc., AIP USA Limited Partnership 1, and AIP Limited Partnership is the US dollars.

Transactions and balances:

Foreign currency transactions are translated into functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the date of the transaction. Foreign currency monetary items are translated at the period-end exchange rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost continue to be carried at the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items measured at fair value are reported at the exchange rate at the date when fair values were determined. Exchange differences arising on the translation of monetary items or on settlement of monetary items are recognized in profit or loss in the statement of comprehensive income in the period in which they arise, except where deferred in equity as a qualifying cash flow or net investment hedge. Exchange differences arising on the translation of non-monetary items are recognized in other comprehensive income in the statement of comprehensive income to the extent that gains and losses arising on those non-monetary items are also recognized in other comprehensive income. Where the non-monetary gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss, the exchange component is also recognized in profit or loss.

Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations are recognized in other comprehensive income and recorded in the Company's foreign currency translation reserve in equity. These differences are recognized in the profit or loss in the period in which the operation is disposed.

Share-based payments

Share-based payments to employees are measured at the fair value of the instruments issued and amortized over the vesting periods. Share-based payments to non-employees are measured at the fair value of goods or services received or the fair value of the equity instruments issued, if it is determined the fair value of the goods or services cannot be reliably measured, and are recorded at the date the goods or services are received. The corresponding amount is recorded to the option reserve. The fair value of options is determined using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model which incorporates all market vesting conditions. The number of shares and options expected to vest is reviewed and adjusted at the end of each reporting period such that the amount recognized for services received as consideration for the equity instruments granted shall be based on the number of equity instruments that eventually vest.

Aydon Income Properties Inc.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

For the period ended September 30, 2017

2. Significant accounting policies and basis of preparation (continued)

Loss per share

The Company presents basic and diluted loss per share data for its common shares. Basic loss per share is calculated by dividing the loss attributable to common shareholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding in the period. For all periods presented, the loss attributable to common shareholders equals the reported loss attributable to owners of the Company. Diluted loss per share is calculated by the treasury stock method. Under the treasury stock method, the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the calculation of diluted loss per share assumes that the proceeds to be received on the exercise of dilutive share options and warrants are used to repurchase common shares at the average market price during the period.

Financial instruments

The Company classifies its financial instruments in the following categories: at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables, held-to-maturity investments, available-for-sale and financial liabilities. The classification depends on the purpose for which the financial instruments were acquired. Management determines the classification of its financial instruments at initial recognition.

Financial assets are classified at fair value through profit or loss when they are either held for trading for the purpose of short-term profit taking, derivatives not held for hedging purposes, or when they are designated as such to avoid an accounting mismatch or to enable performance evaluation where a group of financial assets is managed by key management personnel on a fair value basis in accordance with a documented risk management or investment strategy. Such assets are subsequently measured at fair value with changes in carrying value being included in profit or loss.

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and are subsequently measured at amortized cost. They are included in current assets, except for maturities greater than 12 months after the end of the reporting period. These are classified as non-current assets.

Held-to-maturity investments are non-derivative financial assets that have fixed maturities and fixed or determinable payments, and it is the Company's intention to hold these investments to maturity. They are subsequently measured at amortized cost. Held-to-maturity investments are included in non-current assets, except for those which are expected to mature within 12 months after the end of the reporting period.

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivative financial assets that are designated as available-for-sale or are not suitable to be classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables or held-to-maturity investments and are subsequently measured at fair value. These are included in current assets. Unrealized gains and losses are recognized in other comprehensive income, except for impairment losses and foreign exchange gains and losses on monetary financial assets.

Non-derivative financial liabilities (excluding financial guarantees) are subsequently measured at amortized cost.

Regular purchases and sales of financial assets are recognized on the trade-date – the date on which the Company commits to purchase the asset.

Aydon Income Properties Inc.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

For the period ended September 30, 2017

2. Significant accounting policies and basis of preparation (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets are derecognized when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the Company has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

At each reporting date, the Company assesses whether there is objective evidence that a financial instrument has been impaired. In the case of available-for-sale financial instruments, a significant and prolonged decline in the value of the instrument is considered to determine whether an impairment has arisen.

Financial instruments measured at fair value are classified into one of three levels in the fair value hierarchy according to the relative reliability of the inputs used to estimate the fair values. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are:

- Level 1 – Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 – Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 – Inputs that are not based on observable market data.

Financial instruments measured at Level 1 include cash.

Impairment of assets

The carrying amount of the Company's assets is reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss. An impairment loss is recognized whenever the carrying amount of an asset or its cash generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognized in the statement of comprehensive income.

The recoverable amount of assets is the greater of an asset's fair value less cost to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects the current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. For an asset that does not generate cash inflows largely independent of those from other assets, the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

An impairment loss is only reversed if there is an indication that the impairment loss may no longer exist and there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount, however, not to an amount higher than the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized in previous years.

Assets that have an indefinite useful life are not subject to amortization and are tested annually for impairment.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts.

Equity accounted investment

Under the equity method, the investment is carried in the statements of financial position at cost and is adjusted for the Company's share of the investee's profit or loss subsequent to the

Aydon Income Properties Inc.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

For the period ended September 30, 2017

2. Significant accounting policies and basis of preparation (continued)

Equity accounted investment (continued)

investment. Losses are recorded until the carrying amount is reduced to \$Nil; losses beyond this point are not recognized until the Company makes additional investment in the investee or positive earnings are achieved by the investee and the Company's share of profits equals its share of losses not previously recognized. Additional losses are provided for, and a liability is recognized, only to the extent that the Company has incurred obligations to provide funding to the investee.

Revenue recognition

Revenue consists of service revenue generated from management, consulting and rental income. Revenue is recognized when services have been provided, the amount can be measured reliably, collection is probable and cost incurred or to incur can be measured reliably.

Income taxes

Current income tax:

Current income tax assets and liabilities for the current period are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date, in the countries where the Company operates and generates taxable income.

Current income tax relating to items recognized directly in other comprehensive income or equity is recognized in other comprehensive income or equity and not in profit or loss. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

Deferred income tax:

Deferred income tax is provided annually, using the statement of financial position method on temporary differences at the reporting date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

The carrying amount of deferred income tax assets is reviewed annually, at the end of each reporting period and recognized only to the extent that it is probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred income tax asset to be utilized.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the year when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred income tax assets and deferred income tax liabilities are offset, if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current income tax liabilities and the deferred income taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

3. Accounting standards issued by not yet effective

New standard IFRS 9 "Financial Instruments"

This new standard is a partial replacement of IAS 39 "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement". IFRS 9 uses a single approach to determine whether a financial asset is measured at amortized cost or fair value, replacing the multiple rules in IAS 39. The approach in IFRS 9 is based on how

Aydon Income Properties Inc.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

For the period ended September 30, 2017

3. Accounting standards issued by not yet effective (continued)

an entity manages its financial instruments in the context of its business model and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. The new standard also requires a single impairment method to be used, replacing the multiple impairment methods in IAS 39. IFRS 9 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018 with early adoption permitted.

The Company has not early adopted this revised standard and is currently assessing the impact that this standard will have on its consolidated financial statements.

Other accounting standards or amendments to existing accounting standards that have been issued but have future effective dates are either not applicable or are not expected to have a significant impact on the Company's financial statements.

4. Receivables

	September 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
Trade receivables	\$ 4,225	\$ 4,364
GST receivable	17,673	17,673
	\$ 21,898	\$ 22,037

5. Trade payables and accrued liabilities

	September 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
Trade payables	\$ 50,708	\$ 31,421
Amounts due to related parties (Note 10)	204,112	165,764
Accrued liabilities	87,022	61,102
	\$ 341,842	\$ 258,287

6. Convertible debenture

On March 30, 2016, the Company issued a \$10,000 convertible debenture. The debenture is secured by a general security agreement in respect of all present and after acquired personal property of the Company. The debenture pays interest quarterly at 8.8% per annum and matures on December 31, 2018. At the holder's option, the debenture may be converted into common shares of the Company at a price of \$0.30 per share prior to December 31, 2016 and \$0.40 per share on or before December 31, 2016 and until December 31, 2017 and at a price of \$0.50 per share after December 31, 2017 and until December 31, 2018.

On October 31, 2016, the Company issued a \$30,000 convertible debenture. The debenture is secured by a general security agreement in respect of all present and after acquired personal property of the Company. The debenture pays interest semi-annually at 10% per annum and matures on November 30, 2018. At the holder's option, the debenture may be converted into common shares of the Company at a price of \$0.30 per share prior to November 30, 2016 and at a price of \$0.50 per share on or after November 30, 2016 and until November 16, 2018. The holder also has the option to convert the debenture into units of the AIP Limited Partnership held by the Company at a price of US\$1,100 per partnership unit.

Aydon Income Properties Inc.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

For the period ended September 30, 2017

6. Convertible debenture (continued)

On October 31, 2016, the Company issued a \$360,000 (US\$273,000) convertible debentures for redemption of units in AIP Limited Partnership. The debentures are secured by a general security agreement in respect of all present and after acquired personal property of the Company. The debenture pays interest semi-annually at 10% per annum and matures on December 10, 2018.

On November 15, 2016, the Company issued a \$13,556 (US\$10,000) convertible debenture for redemption of units in AIP Limited Partnership. The debenture is secured by a general security agreement in respect of all present and after acquired personal property of the Company. The debenture pays interest quarterly at 8.8% per annum and matures on November 15, 2019. At the holder's option, the debenture may be converted into common shares of the Company at a price of \$0.30 per share in the first year and \$0.40 per share in the second year and \$0.50 per share up until October 25, 2019. The holder also has the option to convert the debenture into units of AIP Limited Partnership held by the Company at a price of US\$1,100 per partnership unit. The principal is denominated in a currency that is different from the Company's functional currency. IFRS requires the conversion right to be accounted as a derivative liability as the Company will be obliged to issue a variable number of shares upon conversion. As at November 15, 2016 the Company determined the fair value of the derivative liability to be \$5,300 using the Black-Sholes Option Pricing Model with the following assumptions: Expected dividend yield – 0%; Volatility – 262%; Risk-free interest rate – 0.72%; Expected life: three years. The residual value of \$8,256 was allocated to the convertible debenture. There was no value attributed to the equity component. As at December 31, 2016, the Company determined the fair value of the derivative liability to be \$2,200 using the Black-Sholes Option Pricing Model with the following assumptions: Expected dividend yield – 0%; Volatility – 260%; Risk-free interest rate – 0.84%; Expected life: three years.

On December 10, 2015, the Company issued a \$126,000 convertible debenture. The debenture is secured by a general security agreement in respect of all present and after acquired personal property of the Company. The debenture pays interest semi-annually at 10% per annum and matures on December 10, 2018. At the holder's option, the debenture may be converted into common shares of the Company at a price of \$0.30 per share in the first year and \$0.50 per share on or after December 10, 2016 and up until December 3, 2018. The holder also has the option to convert the debenture into units of AIP Limited Partnership held by the Company at a price of US\$1,100 per partnership unit.

For all of the above debentures, the Company used the residual value method to allocate the principal amount of the debenture, less issuance costs, between the liability and the equity component. The fair value of the liability component at issuance was calculated using a market interest rate for an equivalent non-convertible bond, which the Company determined to be 15%. The residual amount, representing the value of the equity conversion option, is included in shareholders equity in the share-based payment reserve.

	Period ended September 30, 2017	Year ended December 31, 2016
Balance, beginning	\$ 97,985	\$ 97,985
Cash proceeds from issuance of convertible debentures	40,000	40,000
Non-cash convertible debentures issued	373,556	373,556
Issuance costs	(4,000)	(4,000)
Amount allocated to equity	(35,267)	(35,267)
Change in derivative liability	(3,100)	(3,100)
Non-cash interest	10,299	10,299
Balance, ending	\$ 479,472	\$ 479,472

Aydon Income Properties Inc.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

For the period ended September 30, 2017

7. Assets held for sale

The Company owned seven investment properties at December 31, 2016. These investment properties were acquired through the acquisition of AIP Limited Partnership. During the quarter, the Company sold four of these properties and intends to dispose of the remaining investment properties. Accordingly the investment properties are classified as held for sale. At September 30, 2017 the remaining investment properties are measured at fair value less costs to sell of \$95,115 (US\$70,000).

The Company has one mortgage on the remaining investment properties held for sale totalling \$28,600 (US\$22,000). The mortgage is repayable in monthly interest only payments at 8% per annum. However, the entire mortgage principal and any interest shall be repaid in 5 years by December 31, 2021. The mortgages are unsecured.

8. Income taxes

A reconciliation of the expected income tax recovery to the actual income tax recovery is as follows:

	Period ended September 30, 2017	Year ended December 31, 2016
Net loss	\$ 360,486	\$ 667,391
Statutory tax rate	26%	26%
Expected income tax recovery at the statutory tax rate	\$ (93,726)	\$ (173,522)
Non-deductible items and other		19,641
Temporary differences not recognized		153,881
Income tax recovery	\$ -	\$ -

9. Share capital***Authorized share capital***

Unlimited number of common shares without par value.

Issued share capital

At September 30, 2017 there were 26,919,899 issued and fully paid common shares (2016 – 24,314,899) outstanding.

For the period ended September 30, 2017:

On January 27, 2017, the Company completed a non-brokered private placement of 1,355,000 units at \$0.10 per unit for gross proceeds of \$135,500. Each unit consists of one common share and one non-transferable share purchase warrant, which will be exercisable at \$0.15 per share if exercised during the first year or \$0.20 if exercised during the second year. All unexercised warrants shall expire after a term of 2 years.

Basic and diluted loss per share

The calculation of basic and diluted loss per share for the period ended September 30, 2017 was based on the loss attributable to common shareholders of \$360,486 (2016 - \$667,391) and the weighted average number of common shares outstanding of 26,790,377 (2016 – 24,417,626).

Diluted loss per share did not include the effect of stock options and share purchase warrants, as the effect would be anti-dilutive.

Aydon Income Properties Inc.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

For the period ended September 30, 2017

9. Share capital (continued)**Stock options**

The Company has adopted an incentive stock option plan, which provides that the Board of Directors of the Company may from time to time, in its discretion, and in accordance with the CSE requirements, grant to directors, officers, employees and technical consultants to the Company, non-transferable stock options to purchase common shares, provided that the number of common shares reserved for issuance will not exceed 20% of the Company's issued and outstanding common shares. Such options will be exercisable for a period of up to 10 years from the date of grant. In connection with the foregoing, the number of common shares reserved for issuance to any one optionee will not exceed five percent (5%) of the issued and outstanding common shares and the number of common shares reserved for issuance to all technical consultants will not exceed two percent (2%) of the issued and outstanding common shares. Options may be exercised no later than 90 days following cessation of the optionee's position with the Company or 30 days following cessation of an optionee conducting investor relations activities' position.

On November 1, 2016, the Company granted 900,000 stock options to directors and consultants, which vested immediately and are exercisable at \$0.10 per share for a period of five years. The fair value of this grant was determined by the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model using the following assumptions: expected life – 5 years, average risk-free interest rate 0.70%, expected dividend yield – 0%, and average expected stock price volatility – 200%. During the year ended December 31, 2016, \$27,683 was recognized in share-based payment and recorded in share-based payment reserve for vested options.

The continuity schedule of stock options is as follows:

	Number of stock options
Balance, December 31, 2015	-
Granted, November 1, 2016	900,000
Balance, September 30, 2017	900,000

A summary of the Company's outstanding and exercisable stock options as at September 30, 2017 is as follows:

Weighted average exercise price	Remaining contractual life	Number of options outstanding	Expiry Dates
\$0.10	4.09 years	900,000	October 31, 2021

The following is a summary of the Company's share purchase warrant activity during the period ended September 30, 2017:

	Number of shares	Weighted average exercise price
Outstanding, December 31, 2016	3,379,285	\$ 0.15
Issued	1,355,000	0.15
Expired	3,147,467	0.15
Outstanding, September 30, 2017	1,586,818	\$ 0.15

At September 30, 2017, the weighted average remaining life of warrants is 1.23 years (2016 - .95 years).

Aydon Income Properties Inc.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

For the period ended September 30, 2017

9. Share capital (continued)

Details of warrants outstanding as at September 30, 2017 are as follows:

Exercise price	Contractual life remaini	Number of warrants outstanding	Expiry
\$0.15 first year and \$0.20 in second year	1.33 years	1,355,000	January 27, 2019
\$0.15 first year and \$0.20 in second year	.67 years	231,818	May 31, 2018
\$0.15 (Weighted average)	1.23 years	1,586,818	

Share-based payment reserve

The share-based payment reserve represents the fair value of stock, stock options, compensation warrants and the convertible debentures charge to equity (Note 6).

Currency translation reserve

The foreign currency translation reserve records unrealized exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations that have a functional currency other than the Company's reporting currency.

10. Related party transactions**i) Related party balances**

As at September 30, 2017 the Company was indebted to certain directors in the amount of \$204,112 (September 30, 2016 - \$218,207). These amounts are unsecured, non-interest bearing and have no fixed terms of repayment (Note 5).

ii) Related party transactions

The Company incurred the following transactions with entities that are controlled by directors of the Company.

	Period ended September 30, 2017	Period ended September 30, 2016
Professional fees	\$ -	\$ 1,800
Management fees	136,000	67,500
	\$ 136,000	\$ 69,300

Key management personnel compensation

	Period ended September 30, 2017	Period ended September 30, 2016
Short-term employee benefits	\$ 136,000	\$ 67,500

Aydon Income Properties Inc.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

For the period ended September 30, 2017

11. Financial risk and capital management

The Company is exposed in varying degrees to a variety of financial instrument related risks. The Board of Directors approves and monitors the risk management processes, inclusive of documented investment policies, counterparty limits, and controlling and reporting structures. The type of risk exposure and the way in which such exposure is managed is provided as follows:

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. The Company's primary exposure to credit risk is on its cash held in bank accounts. The majority of cash is deposited in bank accounts held with major banks in Canada. As most of the Company's cash is held by one bank there is a concentration of credit risk. This risk is managed by using major banks that are high credit quality financial institutions as determined by rating agencies. The Company's secondary exposure to risk is on its trade receivables. The Company assessed credit risk as low.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company has a planning and budgeting process in place to help determine the funds required to support the Company's normal operating requirements on an ongoing basis. The Company ensures that there are sufficient funds to meet its short-term business requirements, taking into account its anticipated cash flows from operations and its holdings of cash and cash equivalents.

Historically, the Company's sole source of funding has been the issuance of equity securities for cash, primarily through private placements. The Company's access to financing is always uncertain. There can be no assurance of continued access to significant equity funding. The Company assesses liquidity risk as high.

The following is an analysis of the contractual maturities of the Company's non-derivative financial liabilities as at September 30, 2017:

	Within one year	Between one and five years	More than five years
Trade payables & accrued	\$ 196,779	\$ -	\$ -
Due to related parties	204,112	-	-
Liabilities of assets held for sale	28,600	-	-
Convertible debentures	-	479,472	-

Foreign exchange risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair values of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because they are denominated in currencies that differ from the respective functional currency. The Company does not hedge its exposure to fluctuations in foreign exchange rates. The Company assesses foreign exchange risk to be low.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company's current exposure to interest rate risk relates to its ability to earn interest income on bank balances. The fair value of the Company's bank account is not significantly affected by changes in short term interest rates.

Aydon Income Properties Inc.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

For the period ended September 30, 2017

11. Financial risk and capital management (continued)***Capital Management***

The Company's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain investor and creditor confidence and to sustain future development of the business. The capital structure of the Company consists of equity, net of cash and cash equivalents.

The Company is currently dependent on equity financing to fund its business investigation activities. Management reviews its capital management approach on an ongoing basis and believes that this approach is reasonable for the current state of the markets and activities of the Company. There were no changes in the Company's approach to capital management during the year. The Company is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

Classification of financial instruments

Financial assets included in the statement of financial position are as follows:

	September 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
Loans and receivables:		
Cash	\$ 52,617	\$ 1,646
Trade receivables	21,898	4,364
	\$ 74,515	\$ 6,010

Financial liabilities included in the statement of financial position are as follows:

	September 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
Non-derivative financial liabilities:		
Trade payables & accrued	\$ 196,779	\$ 31,421
Due to related parties	204,112	210,126
Obligation to issue shares	-	45,000
Convertible debentures	479,472	479,472
	\$ 880,362	\$ 766,019