FORM 5

QUARTERLY LISTING STATEMENT

Name of Listed Issuer: Rubicon Organics Inc. (the "Issuer").

Trading Symbol: ROMJ

This Quarterly Listing Statement must be posted on or before the day on which the Issuer's unaudited interim financial statements are to be filed under the *Securities* Act, or, if no interim statements are required to be filed for the quarter, within 60 days of the end of the Issuer's first, second and third fiscal quarters. This statement is not intended to replace the Issuer's obligation to separately report material information forthwith upon the information becoming known to management or to post the forms required by the Exchange Policies. If material information became known and was reported during the preceding quarter to which this statement relates, management is encouraged to also make reference in this statement to the material information, the news release date and the posting date on the Exchange website.

General Instructions

- (a) Prepare this Quarterly Listing Statement using the format set out below. The sequence of questions must not be altered nor should questions be omitted or left unanswered. The answers to the following items must be in narrative form. When the answer to any item is negative or not applicable to the Issuer, state it in a sentence. The title to each item must precede the answer.
- (b) The term "Issuer" includes the Listed Issuer and any of its subsidiaries.
- (c) Terms used and not defined in this form are defined or interpreted in Policy 1 Interpretation and General Provisions.

There are three schedules which must be attached to this report as follows:

SCHEDULE A: FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Financial statements are required as follows:

For the first, second and third financial quarters interim financial statements prepared in accordance with the requirements under Ontario securities law must be attached.

If the Issuer is exempt from filing certain interim financial statements, give the date of the exempting order.

SCHEDULE B: SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

The supplementary information set out below must be provided when not included in Schedule A.

1. Related party transactions

Provide disclosure of all transactions with a Related Person, including those previously disclosed on Form 10. Include in the disclosure the following information about the transactions with Related Persons:

- (a) A description of the relationship between the transacting parties. Be as precise as possible in this description of the relationship. Terms such as affiliate, associate or related company without further clarifying details are not sufficient.
- (b) A description of the transaction(s), including those for which no amount has been recorded.
- (c) The recorded amount of the transactions classified by financial statement category.
- (d) The amounts due to or from Related Persons and the terms and conditions relating thereto.
- (e) Contractual obligations with Related Persons, separate from other contractual obligations.
- (f) Contingencies involving Related Persons, separate from other contingencies.

Included in Schedule A. Note 12

2. Summary of securities issued and options granted during the period.

Provide the following information for the period beginning on the date of the last Listing Statement (Form 2A):

(a) summary of securities issued during the period,

No common shares issued during the period.

Date of Issue	Type of Security (common shares, convertib le debentur es, etc.)	Type of Issue (private placement, public offering, exercise of warrants, etc.)	Number	Price	Total Proceeds	Type of Consideratio n (cash, property, etc.)	Describe relationship of Person with Issuer (indicate if Related Person)	Commission Paid
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(b) summary of options granted during the period,

Included in Schedule A, Note 11a

Date	Number	Name of Optionee if Related Person and relationship	Generic description of other Optionees	Exercise Price	Expiry Date	Market Price on date of Grant

3. Summary of securities as at the end of the reporting period.

Provide the following information in tabular format as at the end of the reporting period:

(a) description of authorized share capital including number of shares for each class, dividend rates on preferred shares and whether or not cumulative, redemption and conversion provisions,

Included in Schedule A, Statement of Changes in Equity

(b) number and recorded value for shares issued and outstanding,

Included in Schedule A, Statement of Changes in Equity

- (c) description of options, warrants and convertible securities outstanding, including number or amount, exercise or conversion price and expiry date, and any recorded value, and
 - Included in Schedule A, Note 11
- (d) number of shares in each class of shares subject to escrow or pooling agreements or any other restriction on transfer.
 - As of May 28, 2019, 16,417,029 common shares are held by the escrow agent pursuant to the Escrow Agreement dated October 2, 2018
- 4. List the names of the directors and officers, with an indication of the position(s) held, as at the date this report is signed and filed.

Jesse McConnell, Chief Executive Officer & Director Margaret Brodie, Chief Financial Officer & Director Bryan Disher, Director David Donnan, Director John Pigott, Director Peter Doig, Chief Scientific Officer David Colleran, Director of Finance

SCHEDULE C: MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Provide Interim MD&A if required by applicable securities legislation.

Certificate Of Compliance

The undersigned hereby certifies that:

- 1. The undersigned is a director and/or senior officer of the Issuer and has been duly authorized by a resolution of the board of directors of the Issuer to sign this Quarterly Listing Statement.
- 2. As of the date hereof there is no material information concerning the Issuer which has not been publicly disclosed.
- 3. The undersigned hereby certifies to the Exchange that the Issuer is in compliance with the requirements of applicable securities legislation (as such term is defined in National Instrument 14-101) and all Exchange Requirements (as defined in CNSX Policy 1).
- 4. All of the information in this Form 5 Quarterly Listing Statement is true.

Dated May 28, 2019	·
	Margaret Brodie
	Name of Director or Senior Officer
	(Signed) "Margaret Brodie"
	Signature
	Chief Financial Officer
	Official Capacity

Issuer Details Name of Issuer	For Quarter Ended	Date of Report YY/MM/D	
Rubicon Organics Inc.	Mar 31, 2019	19/05/28	
Issuer Address 1200 Waterfront Centre 200 Burrard Street, PO Box 48600			
City/Province/Postal Code Vancouver, British Columbia V7X 1T2	Issuer Fax No. N/A	Issuer Telephone No. +1 (437) 929-1964	
Contact Name Margaret Brodie	Contact Position Chief Financial Officer	Contact Telephone No. +1 (437) 929-1964	
Contact Email Address info@rubiconorganics.com	Web Site Address https://www.rubiconorganics.com/		

Schedule "A"

Financial Statements

[see attached]



Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements (Unaudited) Expressed in Canadian dollars

Rubicon Organics Inc.

For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2018 and 2019

RUBICON ORGANICS INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars

	Notes	March 31 2019	December 31 2018
ASSETS	_		
Current			
Cash		1,590,547	232,420
Accounts receivable	6	1,015,465	490,564
Available for sale land		809,402	826,301
Other assets		319,106	389,016
Inventory		255,270	352,145
Biological assets	7	121,610	_
	_	4,111,400	2,290,446
Non-Current	-	, ,	, ,
Property, plant and equipment	8	23,964,209	24,020,048
Intangible asset		1,881,749	1,881,749
Investment		133,630	136,420
Right-of-use asset	9	86,961	_
Due from related parties	12	11,504	_
Total assets	· -	30,189,453	28,328,663
Current Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to related parties Funds received in advance of debt closing Current portion of lease liabilities Current portion of loans and borrowings	12 10 9 10	3,056,395 1,539,806 295,920 17,701	2,904,811 332,750 — 17,579 100,390
	-	4,909,822	3,355,530
Non-Current Non-current portion of loans and borrowings Non-current portion of lease liabilities	10 9	4,736,400 61,017	2,846,332 65,488
Total liabilities	_ _	9,707,239	6,267,350
Shareholders' equity			
Share capital		56,728,191	56,728,191
Reserves	11	8,493,027	7,520,299
Deficit		(44,396,198)	(42,119,486)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	_	(342,806)	(67,691)
Total shareholders' equity	-	20,482,214	22,061,313
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	_	30,189,453	28,328,663
Approved on behalf of the Board:	(Signed) "Brya		d) "Margaret Brodie" Director and CFO

			For the three months ended		
	Notes	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018 (restated)*		
Revenue					
Product sales		_	374,440		
Cost of sales		_	(264,515)		
Loss on inventory write-off			(1,502)		
Gross profit before fair value adjustments		_	108,423		
Gain on changes in fair value of biological assets		121,610			
Gross profit		121,610	108,423		
Lease revenue	6	638,137	_		
Operating expenses					
Share-based compensation	11	972,728	163,418		
Consulting, salaries and wages		848,169	795,509		
General and administrative expenses		781,382	747,382		
Depreciation and amortization	8	222,950	288,643		
Sales and marketing expense		26,297	439,673		
		2,851,526	2,434,625		
Loss from operations		(2,091,779)	(2,326,202)		
Loss on deconsolidation of Vega	5	135,859	_		
Interest on loans		46,224	31,944		
Net realized foreign exchange		2,603	12,402		
Loss from continuing operations before income tax		(2,276,465)	(2,370,548)		
Income tax expense		247	11,416		
Net loss from continuing operations		(2,276,712)	(2,381,964)		
Loss from discontinued operations	5		(190,109)		
Net Loss for the period		(2,276,712)	(2,572,073)		
Other comprehensive income					
Exchange rate differences on translation of foreign operations		(275,115)	(52,269)		
Total comprehensive loss		(2,551,827)	(2,624,342)		
Net loss per share from continuing operations, basic and		(0.06)	(0.07)		
diluted		` ,	` '		
Net loss per share from discontinued operations, basic and diluted		_	(0.01)		
Net loss per share from operations, basic and diluted		(0.06)	(0.08)		
Weighted average number of shares		36,811,425	32,337,773		

^{*}Restated for deconsolidation of Vega (note 5).

RUBICON ORGANICS INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars

	Notes	Number of Shares	Share Capital (Net of Financing Costs)	Share-Based Reserves	Warrant Reserve	Reserves Total	Accumulated other comprehensive loss	Deficit	Total Shareholders' Equity
Balance, January 1, 2018		31,000,366	26,317,209	2,608,580	1,225,824	3,834,404	(29,366)	(11,891,991)	18,230,256
Share issuance – financing		1,435,017	3,438,305	_	_	_	_	_	3,438,305
Share issuance for agreement with KG Inc.		300,000	737,580	_	_	_	_	_	737,580
Share-based compensation	11	_	_	163,364	_	163,364	_	_	163,364
Net loss		_	_	_	_	_	_	(2,572,073)	(2,572,073)
Other comprehensive income		_	_	_	_	_	(52,269)	_	(52,269)
Balance, March 31, 2018		32,735,383	30,493,094	2,771,944	1,225,824	3,997,768	(81,635)	(14,464,064)	19,945,163
Balance, January 1, 2019		36,811,425	56,728,191	4,974,532	2,545,767	7,520,299	(67,691)	(42,119,486)	22,061,313
Share-based compensation	11	_	_	972,728	_	972,728	_	_	972,728
Net loss		_	_	_	_	_	_	(2,276,712)	(2,276,712)
Other comprehensive income		_	_	_	_	_	(275,115)	_	(275,115)
Balance, March 31, 2019		36,811,425	56,728,191	5,947,260	2,545,767	8,493,027	(342,806)	(44,396,198)	20,482,214

RUBICON ORGANICS INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars

	Notes	For the three months ended		
		March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018	
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	•			
Net loss from continuing operations		(2,276,712)	(2,350,533)	
Net loss from discontinued operations		_	(221,540)	
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in				
operating activities				
Share based compensation	11	972,728	163,417	
Depreciation and amortization	8	222,950	288,643	
Unrealized change in the fair value of biological assets	7	(121,610)	_	
Unrealized foreign exchange loss		23,134	1,952	
Changes in non-cash working capital items	13	350,287	(697,243)	
Cash used in operating activities		(829,223)	(2,815,303)	
INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	8	(1,110,179)	(1,277,908)	
Investments		_	15,312	
Cash used in investing activities		(1,110,179	(1,262,596)	
FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Proceeds from loans and borrowings	10	4,736,400	_	
Proceeds from shareholder loans	12	1,207,056	_	
Funds received in advance of debt closing	10	295,920	_	
Repayment of loans and borrowings	10	(2,946,722)	_	
Repayment of capital lease		(4,349)	_	
Proceeds from financing		_	3,419,969	
Repayment from related party		_	159,441	
Cash provided by financing activities	· -	3,288,305	3,579,410	
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash		9,224	(6,438)	
Increase (decrease) in cash during the period		1,358,127	(504,927)	
Cash, beginning of period		232,420	2,944,775	
Cash, end of period		1,590,547	2,439,848	

Expressed in Canadian dollars

1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND CONTINUANCE OF OPERATIONS

Rubicon Organics Inc. (the "Company" or "Rubicon") is a British Columbia registered company incorporated on May 15, 2015.

The Company's principal business is the production and sale of cannabis in Canada as well as leasing custom built facilities and providing brand licensing to cannabis producers and processors in Washington and California. The Company intends to produce organic cannabis to process and sell under its wholly owned and other licensed brands. In Canada, the Company expects to grow and sell cannabis directly from its wholly owned, federally licensed 125,000 square foot facility in British Columbia. In the state of Washington, the Company leases its 40,000 square foot facility to a state licensed operator and provides its brands under license to various licensed operators.

The Company's common shares trade on the Canadian Securities Exchange under the trading symbol "ROMJ". On January 7, 2019 the Company's common shares commenced trading on the OTCQX Best Market under the symbol "ROMJF".

The address of the Company's registered office and records is 1200 Waterfront Centre, 200 Burrard Street, PO Box 48600 Vancouver, British Columbia V7X 1T2. The Company's head office is unit 505, 744 West Hastings Street, Vancouver, British Columbia V6C 1A5.

These Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements have been prepared on a going concern basis which assumes that the Company will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business for the foreseeable future. As at March 31, 2019, the Company had not achieved profitable operations and had accumulated losses of \$44,396,199 since its inception. The continuing operations of the Company are dependent upon its ability to obtain debt or equity financing until it achieves profitable operations.

In February 2019 the Company received its Cultivation and Processing licenses from Health Canada for its facility in British Columbia and commencing in December 2018 its Washington facility has been leased to a state licensed tenant. The Company has not yet generated substantial revenue from either of these primary assets but expects that crops will be harvested from both these facilities in 2019.

As the Company has not yet achieved profitable operations this may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. These consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of recorded asset amounts and classification of liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

These Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements, including comparatives, have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standards ("IAS") 34, *Interim Financial Reporting*. Certain information and note disclosures normally included in the audited annual consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and interpretations of the International Financial Reporting Standards Interpretation Committee ("IFRIC") have been omitted or condensed. As a result, these Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2018 ("Annual Financial Statements").

Expressed in Canadian dollars

3. CHANGES TO ACCOUNTING STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS

The accounting policies used in the preparation of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements is the same as those disclosed in the Company's Annual Financial Statements, except as set out below:

• IFRS 16 – Leases ("**IFRS 16**")

IFRS 16 replaces the previous guidance on leases, predominantly IAS 17, *Leases*. The Company has applied IFRS 16 with an initial application date of January 1, 2019, in accordance with the transitional provisions specified in IFRS 16. As a result, the Company has changed its accounting policy for lease contracts as detailed below.

The Company as lessor

Rental income from operating leases is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

The Company as lessee

The Company adopted IFRS 16 on January 1, 2019 using the modified retrospective approach. Comparative information has not been restated. As a result, the Company recognized the cumulative effect of initially applying IFRS 16 as an adjustment to the accumulated deficit as at January 1, 2019.

The Company has applied the following practical expedient:

On transition to IFRS 16, the Company elected to apply the practical expedient to grandfather the assessment of which transactions are leases. The Company applied IFRS 16 only to contracts that were previously identified as leases. Contracts that were not identified as leases under IAS 17, were not reassessed for whether there is a lease. The Company applied the definition of a lease under IFRS 16 to contracts entered into or changed on or after January 1, 2019.

The Company has recognized lease liabilities and right-of-use assets at the date of initial application for leases previously classified as operating leases. The Company has elected not to recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for lease terms of 12 months or less and leases for which the underlying asset is of low value. The Company has elected to measure the right-of-use assets at the carrying amount as if IFRS 16 had been applied since the commencement date, discounted using the Company's incremental borrowing rate at the date of initial application. For the lease the Company previously classified as a finance lease under IAS 17, the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset and the lease liability at the date of initial application is equal to the carrying amount of the leased asset and lease liability immediately before the date of initial application.

The following is the Company's policy for accounting for lease contracts in accordance with IFRS 16:

At the inception of a contract, the Company assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. The Company recognizes a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the commencement date of the lease. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset, less any lease incentives received. The right-of-use asset is subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term. In addition, the right-of-use assets are adjusted for impairment losses, if any. The estimated useful lives and recoverable amounts of right-of-use assets are determined on the same basis as those of property and equipment. The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, the Company's incremental borrowing rate. The lease liability is subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. The Company has elected not to recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for lease terms of 12 months or less and leases for which the underlying asset is of low value. The Company recognizes the lease payments associated with these leases as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Expressed in Canadian dollars

4. CHANGES TO CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

The critical estimates and judgements made in the preparation of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements are the same as those used in preparing the Company's Annual Financial Statements.

5. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

Effective January 1, 2019 the Company allowed its contractual agreement with Vega Ventures LLC ("Vega"), the state licensed tenant who operated Rubicon's leased extraction laboratory in the state of Washington, to expire. As a result, from January 1, 2019, the revenues, results of operations, and assets and liabilities of Vega were no longer consolidated in the financial statements of the Company. Prior period results of Vega have been presented in the condensed consolidated interim statements of loss as loss from discontinued operations. Prior to deconsolidation, Vega formed part of the Washington segment.

The major classes of assets and liabilities of Vega were as follows:

	December 31, 2018
	\$
Cash	84,525
Inventory	115,033
Other assets	10,641
Assets classified as discontinued operations	210,199
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	5,591
Other liabilities	68,749
Total liabilities classified as discontinued operations	74,340
Net assets classified as discontinued operations	135,859

The comparative results of the discontinued operations included in net income for the period are set out below.

	For the three months ended
	March 31, 2018 \$
Revenue	307,989
Cost of sales	(283,811)
Loss on inventory write-off	(130,823)
Gross loss	(106,645)
Operating expenses	83,464
Net loss from discontinued operations	(190,109)

The following table presents the effect of the discontinued operations on the consolidated statements of cash flows:

	December 31, 2018
	\$
Cash used in operating activities	14,453
Cash used in investing activities	_
Cash used in financing activities	50,755
Net cash outflow	65,208

Expressed in Canadian dollars

6. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

	March 31, 2019 \$	December 31, 2018 \$
Lease revenue receivable	641,424	_
CMX receivable	215,393	219,890
Sales taxes recoverable	62,059	101,062
Corporate tax recoverable	96,589	96,589
Other receivables	_	73,023
Total accounts receivable	1,015,465	490,564

On August 14, 2018, the Company entered into an arrangement with a tenant, licensed by the State of Washington for cannabis cultivation (the "Tenant") to lease its greenhouse in Washington. Rent became payable commencing on January 1, 2019 with a seven-month deferral from January 1, 2019 to July 31, 2019.

On August 14, 2018, the Company entered into an arrangement with CMX Distribution, Inc. ("CMX") to package and distribute the Company's 1964 Supply Co. TM branded cannabis products under CMX's state license in California. As part of the arrangement, the Company provided working capital and sells branded packaging to CMX. Upon expiration of KG Inc.'s distribution license on August 15, 2018, all cannabis products were transferred to CMX. The cannabis products and working capital transferred to CMX form the working capital receivable balance. Packaging inventory held on CMX's site and work in progress costs borne by the Company for inventory not yet sold but held by CMX is included in the Company's inventory.

7. BIOLOGICAL ASSETS

	March 31, 2019 \$
Balance, beginning of period	_
Change in fair value of biological assets	121,610
Balance, end of period	121,610

In February 2019, the Company received its Cultivation and Processing licenses from Health Canada for its facility in British Columbia and in the period ended March 31, 2019 planted its first crop. These biological assets are valued in accordance with IAS 41 - Agriculture and are presented at their fair value less costs to sell up to the point of harvest. The fair value measurements for biological assets have been categorized as Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy based on the inputs to the valuation technique used, as there is currently no actively traded commodity market for plants. The fair value was determined using a valuation model to estimate the expected harvest yield per plant applied to the estimated fair value less costs to sell per gram.

The significant assumptions applied in determining the fair value of biological assets are as follows:

- wastage of plants based on their various stages;
- expected yield of 88 grams per plant;
- selling price of \$8.37 per gram
- percentage of costs incurred to date compared to the estimated total costs to be incurred; and
- costs incurred for each stage of plant growth.

The selling price used in the valuation of biological assets is based on the historical average selling price of cannabis products sold in Canada and can vary based on different strains being grown. Expected yields for the cannabis plant is also subject to a variety of factors, such as strains being grown, length of growing cycle, and space allocated for growing.

Expressed in Canadian dollars

The Company periodically assesses the significant assumptions applied in determining the fair value of biological assets based on historical information obtained as well as planned production schedules. When there is a material change in any of the significant assumptions, the fair value of biological assets is adjusted.

The Company has quantified the sensitivity of the significant unobservable inputs used to calculate the fair value of biological assets recorded. A decrease in the average selling price per gram of 10% would result in a decrease in the value of biological assets of \$17,134. A decrease in the harvest yield per plant of 10% would result in a decrease in the value of biological assets of \$12,018.

The number of weeks in the growth cycle is twelve to fourteen weeks from propagation to harvest. As at March 31, 2019, on average, the biological assets were estimated to be 15% complete.

8. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Cost	Buildings and leasehold improvements	Equipment and vehicles	Land	Construction in progress	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
At December 31, 2018	10,862,652	2,437,602	2,732,884	8,496,502	24,529,640
Additions	9,315		_	515,641	524,956
Transferred to right-of-use assets	_	(97,396)	_	_	(97,396)
Foreign exchange	(216,453)	(40,276)	(14,156)		(270,884)
At March 31, 2019	10.655.514	2,299,930	2,718,728	9.012.143	24,686,316

Accumulated depreciation	Buildings and leasehold improvements \$	Equipment and vehicles \$	Land \$	Construction in progress	Total \$
At December 31, 2018	158,709	350,883	_	_	509,592
Depreciation	124,463	86,084		_	210,547
Transferred to right-of-use assets	_	(6,957)		_	(6,957)
Foreign exchange	2,992	5,932	_	_	8,925
At March 31, 2019	286,164	435,942	_	_	722,107

Net book value	Buildings and leasehold improvements	Equipment and vehicles	Land	Construction in progress	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
At December 31, 2018	10,703,943	2,086,719	2,732,884	8,496,502	24,020,048
At March 31, 2019	10,369,350	1,863,988	2,718,728	9,012,143	23,964,209

9. LEASES

The Company's leases primarily consist of property leases as well as a right-of-use asset. At March 31, 2019, the Company's property leases all fell under the short-term lease exemption are being expensed on a straight-line basis over the lease term. The right-of-use asset is captured under the new standard and is presented below:

Cost	Equipment and vehicles \$
At December 31, 2018	_
Transferred to right-of-use assets	97,396
At March 31, 2019	97,396

Expressed in Canadian dollars

Accumulated depreciation	Equipment and vehicles \$
At December 31, 2018	_
Transferred to right-of-use assets	6,957
Depreciation	3,478
At March 31, 2019	10,435
Net book value	Equipment and vehicles
At December 31, 2018	_
At March 31, 2019	86,961

10. LOANS AND BORROWINGS

The changes in the carrying value of current and non-current loans and borrowings are as follow:

	March 31, 2019 \$	December 31, 2018 \$
Opening balance	2,946,722	3,000,000
Additions	5,000,000	_
Deferred financing fee	(263,600)	_
Principal Repayments	(2,946,722)	(53,278)
Ending Balance	4,736,400	2,946,722

The Company had the following loans and borrowings:

	March 31, 2019 \$	December 31, 2018 \$
Farm Credit Canada mortgage		2,946,722
First mortgage	4,736,400	_
Total loans and borrowings	4,736,400	2,946,722
Less: current portion		(100,390)
Long Term	4,736,400	2,846,332

On March 20, 2019, the Company completed a \$6,000,000 mortgage financing loan from an investment corporation ("First Mortgage"). On March 25, 2019, the Company drew \$5,000,000 under the First Mortgage, of which \$2,946,722 was used to settle the original Farm Credit Canada ("FCC") mortgage on the property. The mortgage bears interest at a rate of 12.0% per annum and matures on September 30, 2020. The First Mortgage is collateralized by the Company's British Columbia facility which has a net book value of \$11,317,107 as at March 31, 2019.

The FCC mortgage was entered into in October 2017 with a term of 5 years, 20-year amortization period and a variable interest rate of 4.9%. Total interest paid for the three months ended March 31, 2019 was \$34,718 (March 31, 2018: \$31,627). Under the terms of the FCC mortgage, the balance had to be settled in full once the Company began to grow cannabis in the British Columbia facility.

During the period, the Company received \$295,920 in advance of the closing of a second mortgage financing loan on the British Columbia facility. This loan closed on April 25, 2019. Refer to note 15.

Expressed in Canadian dollars

11. RESERVES

(a) Options

Under the Company's equity incentive plan (the "Plan"), the Board of Directors may grant stock options and restricted share awards ("Equity Awards") pursuant and subject to the terms and conditions of the Plan to eligible directors, officers, employees, and consultants of the Company and any of its subsidiaries.

The Plan provides for the issuance of Equity Awards that shall not at any time exceed 20% of the total number of issued and outstanding common shares of the Company at the date of grant of the Equity Awards. The exercise price of each option is determined by the Board of Directors but cannot be lower than the fair market value of the common shares subject to option. The options vest and become exercisable as determined by the Board of Directors at the time of the grant. Vesting terms vary from immediately to over three years, or in one case, are based on valuation. Unless determined otherwise by the Board of Directors, the options expire within five years from the date of grant.

The Company has granted the following options to purchase common shares under the Plan as follows:

	March 31, 2019		December 31, 2018	
	Number of options #	Weighted average exercise price \$	Number of options #	Weighted average exercise price \$
Balance, start of period	5,178,500	\$2.79	2,384,000	\$1.53
Granted	_	_	2,949,500	\$3.82
Forfeited	(57,500)	\$2.99	(155,000)	\$3.06
Balance, end of period	5,121,000	\$2.79	5,178,500	\$2.79

The following table provides information on stock options outstanding and exercisable as at March 31, 2019:

		Options outstanding		Options ex	xercisable
Grant Date	Exercise Price	Number of options	Weighted average remaining contractual life (years)	Number of options	Weighted average remaining contractual life (years)
December 17, 2015	US\$1.00	1,375,000	1.72	1,375,000	1.72
March 21, 2016	US\$1.00	24,000	1.98	24,000	1.98
June 30, 2016	US\$1.00	90,000	2.25	90,000	2.25
August 17, 2016	US\$1.00	500,000	2.38	125,000	2.38
January 12, 2017	US\$1.50	80,000	2.79	72,500	2.79
July 31, 2017	US\$2.00	270,000	3.34	235,000	3.34
November 15, 2017	US\$2.00	5,000	3.63	2,500	3.63
January 21, 2018	US\$2.00	32,000	3.81	16,000	3.81
July 31, 2018	\$3.25	2,380,000	4.34	155,000	4.34
September 24, 2018	\$3.25	15,000	4.49	· —	_
September 24, 2018	\$8.15	350,000	4.49	175,000	4.49
		5,121,000	3.33	2,270,000	2.39

The fair value of the options containing service vesting conditions were determined using the Black-Scholes options pricing model, using the following assumptions:

	March 31, 2019	December 31, 2018
Grant date share price	\$2.49 - \$3.25	\$2.49 - \$3.25
Risk-free interest rate	1.95% - 2.96%	1.95% - 2.96%
Expected life of options	5 years	5 years
Expected annualized volatility	103% - 130%	103% - 130%

Expressed in Canadian dollars

The Black-Scholes value of each option is between \$1.81 - \$2.15 (December 31, 2018: \$1.81 - \$2.15).

During the three months ended March 31, 2019, the Company recognized \$972,728 (March 31, 2018: \$36,141) in stock-based compensation expense pertaining to option awards.

(b) Warrants

During the year ended December 31, 2018, the Company issued 183,431 broker warrants as compensation to agents associated with the July 2018 brokered private placement. In addition, the Company issued 208,611 warrants in connection with the July 2018 non-brokered private placement of 417,222 units.

On October 9, 2018, the Company issued 1,829,398 warrants pursuant to the special warrant conversion.

Each warrant is exercisable into one common share of the Company upon payment of the exercise price:

Issue Date	Expiry Date	Type	Exercise Price	Number of warrants
July 5, 2018	July 5, 2020	Broker Warrants	\$3.25	183,431
July 5, 2018	July 5, 2020	Warrants	\$4.20	208,611
October 10, 2018	July 5, 2020	Warrants	\$4.20	1,829,410
	•			2,221,452

12. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(a) Related party transactions

On January 21, 2019, two executive officers and one significant shareholder increased the existing revolving credit facilities provided to the Company in 2018 to a total of \$600,000 and on February 28, 2019 the facilities were further increased to a total of \$2,100,000. The revolving credit facilities bear annual interest rate of 11% and is to be repaid on the earlier of completion of the next debt or equity financing or by April 30, 2019. As at March 31, 2019, the Company had drawn down a total of \$1,371,447 under these revolving credit facilities.

As at March 31, 2019, \$168,360 (December 31, 2018: \$181,360) was owed to officers and directors of the Company for expenses paid on behalf of the Company in the normal course of operations. Included in accounts payable at March 31, 2019 is \$319,377 in accrued salaries to executives (December 31, 2018: \$103,126).

(b) Compensation of key management personnel

Key management personnel are those persons having the authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling activities of the entity, directly or indirectly. The key management personnel of the Company are the members of the Company's executive management team and Board of Directors. Key management compensation was comprised of:

	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
	\$	\$
Salaries	170,403	135,954
Share based compensation	436,713	36,141
Total compensation of key management personnel	607,116	172,095

Expressed in Canadian dollars

13. SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION

Change in non-cash working capital items:

	March 31, 2019 \$	March 31, 2018 \$
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	719,908	(294,799)
Inventory	96,875	104,359
Other assets	69,909	(403,300)
Due from related parties	(11,503)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Accounts receivable	(524,902)	(114,919)
Corporate tax payable		11,416
	350,287	(697,243)

Supplemental disclosure of non-cash activities:

(i) As at March 31, 2019, accounts payable includes \$73,602 related to capital asset additions (December 31, 2018: \$641,926).

14. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Company's business activities are conducted through four reportable segments corresponding with its business model. The segments are as follows: (a) Canadian development of facilities for production and sale of cannabis and revenue derived from related consulting services; (b) lease of the Washington facility; (c) California sale of branded cannabis packaging and brand development, operating results of KGI and land held for sale; and (d) corporate costs.

Results of operations and balances by operating segment are displayed below:

As at and for the three months ended March 31, 2019

	Canada \$	Washington \$	California \$	Corporate \$	Total \$
Revenue and other income	_	638,137	_	_	638,137
Expenses	(428,174)	(361,575)	(129)	(2,219,831)	(3,009,709)
Net income (loss)	(306,989)	276,562	(129)	(2,219,407)	(2,249,963)
Assets	14,347,489	14,414,120	809,403	1,618,441	30,189,453
Liabilities	5,078,336	232,210	21,578	4,348,365	9,680,489

As at and for the three months ended March 31, 2018

S			
Ψ	,	<u> </u>	\$
8,067 164	4,804 119,229	9 82,340	374,440
2,174) (1,063	3,521) (354,176	6) (1,356,642)	(2,946,513)
4,108) (89)	8,717) (234,94)	7) (1,274,301)	(2,572,073)
8,539 11,949	9,395 2,230,840	6 2,448,169	24,486,949
1 160 1 35	3 171 19 03	1 680 661	5,474,023
(8,539 11,949	8,539 11,949,395 2,230,84	

Other income in Washington in 2019 relates to the rental of the Company's Washington facility.

15. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

a. On April 25, 2019, the Company completed a \$3,355,000 second mortgage financing loan from a group of lenders. The loan bears interest at a rate of 12.0% per annum (compounded quarterly) and matures on April 25, 2021. \$1,655,000 of the loan was provided by three related parties and included the rollover of \$1,371,447 outstanding under the revolving credit facilities discussed in note 12. The lenders were also issued 671,000 warrants with an exercise price of \$4.50 per common share that expire on April 25, 2022.

Expressed in Canadian dollars

- b. On May 28, 2019, the Company entered into a \$5,000,000 second mortgage financing loan from an overseas lender. The loan bears interest at a rate of 12.0% per annum (compounded quarterly) and matures on May 28, 2021 with all accrued interest and principal repayments due at that time. The lender was also issued 1,000,000 warrants with an exercise price of \$4.50 per common share that expire on May 28, 2022. As of May 28, 2019, the Company had drawn \$4,749,040 on the loan.
- c. On May 28, 2019, the Company issued an aggregate of 213,250 stock options to new employees of the Company and 200,000 stock options to a service provider of the firm. The options are exercisable at C\$3.25 per share for a period of five years expiring on May 28, 2024, pursuant to the terms of the equity incentive plan.

The fair value of stock options is determined on the grant date. In order to compute this fair value, the Company uses the Black-Scholes option pricing model which requires management to make certain estimates, judgements, and assumptions in relation to the expected life of options, expected volatility, expected dividend yield and the risk-free interest rate, as well as the number of options expected to be exercised. Comparative companies were used to determine the historical volatility of the Company. The fair value of the 413,250 options granted was estimated at \$836,906. The assumptions used in the pricing model were: an expected life of 5 years; annualized volatility of 100.1%; a risk-free interest rate of 2.12%; and zero expected dividend yield.

Schedule "C"

Management's Discussion & Analysis

[see attached]



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the three months ended March 31, 2019

May 28, 2019

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018 Expressed in Canadian dollars

INTRODUCTION

This management discussion and analysis ("MD&A") of the financial condition and results of operations of Rubicon Organics Inc. ("Rubicon Organics", "ROI" or the "Company") is for the three months ended March 31, 2019. It is supplemental to and should be read in conjunction with the Company's unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements including the accompanying notes for the three months ended March 31, 2019 (the "Interim Financial Statements") and the audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2018. The Company's Interim Financial Statements are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") applicable to the preparation of interim financial statements including IAS 34, Interim Financial Reporting. The Company's Financial Statements are prepared in accordance with IFRS as issued by the IASB. This MD&A has been prepared by reference to the MD&A disclosure requirements established under National Instrument 51-102 "Continuous Disclosure Obligations" of the Canadian Securities Administrators. Additional information regarding the Company is available on our website at www.rubiconorganics.com or through the SEDAR website at www.sedar.com. This discussion covers the three months ended March 31, 2019, and the subsequent period up to the date of May 28, 2019.

Throughout this document the terms we, us, our, Rubicon Organics, ROI and the Company refer to Rubicon Organics Inc. and its subsidiaries during the three months ended March 31, 2019.

All figures in this MD&A are in Canadian Dollars unless otherwise noted. Until July 1, 2018, the Company presented in United States Dollars. Refer to note 2 of the Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2018 for further information.

DESCRIPTION OF THE BUSINESS

Rubicon Organics is a British Columbia registered company incorporated on May 15, 2015. The Company was incorporated as an investor vehicle into Rubicon Holdings Inc, ("RHI") for certain Canadian shareholders and in its first year of incorporation, performed certain management services for RHI.

During May 2018, Rubicon Organics and RHI undertook a re-organization (the "**Re-Organization**") whereby, RHI completed a reverse takeover ("**RTO**") of Rubicon Organics.

The Company's principal business is the production and sale of cannabis in Canada as well as leasing custom built facilities and providing brand licensing to cannabis producers and processors in Washington and California. The Company intends to produce organic cannabis to process and sell under its wholly owned and other licensed brands. In Canada, the Company expects to grow and sell cannabis directly from its wholly owned, federally licensed 125,000 square foot facility in British Columbia. In the state of Washington, the Company leases its 40,000 square foot facility to a state licensed operator and provides its brands under license to various licensed operators.

On October 10, 2018, the Company's common shares began trading on the Canadian Securities Exchange ("CSE") under the trading symbol "ROMJ". On January 7, 2019 the Company's common shares commenced trading on the OTCQX Best Market under the symbol "ROMJF".

The address of the Company's registered office and records is 1200 Waterfront Centre, 200 Burrard Street, PO Box 48600 Vancouver, British Columbia V7X 1T2. The Company's head office is unit 505 - 744 West Hastings Street, Vancouver, British Columbia V6C 1A5. Additional information about Rubicon Organics can be obtained by contacting Investor Relations (refer to the last page of this MD&A for contact details).

About the Company

Rubicon Organics is a Canadian Licensed Producer ("LP") focused on providing super-premium organic cannabis products for the recreational and medical-use markets in Canada. The Company also leases out its facility in Washington and licenses cannabis brands to a state-licensed producer in California. Rubicon Organics' ancillary involvement in the cannabis sector in the United States is in compliance with applicable licensing requirements and the regulatory frameworks enacted by the State of Washington and State of California.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018

Expressed in Canadian dollars

Rubicon Organics' subsidiaries are as follows:

Name	Place of Incorporation	Ownership Percentage
Rubicon Holdings, Inc.	WA, United States	100%
West Coast Property Holdings, Inc.	WA, United States	100%
Rubicon Property 1 LLC	WA, United States	100%
Rubicon Property 2 LLC	WA, United States	100%
Rubicon California LLC	CA, United States	100%
Great Pacific Brands, LLC	WA, United States	100%
Red Dog Operations, Inc.	WA, United States	100%
Seymour Soils, Inc.	WA, United States	100%
West Coast Marketing Corporation	BC, Canada	100%
1113603 B.C Ltd.	BC, Canada	100%
Bridge View Greenhouses Ltd.	BC, Canada	100%
Vintages Organic Cannabis Company Inc.	BC, Canada	100%
Kool Gildea, Inc. (1)	CA, United States	0%

⁽¹⁾ On January 30, 2018, an agreement was executed between the Company and Kool Gildea, Inc ("KG Inc."), a California non-profit mutual benefit corporation granting the Company the power to direct relevant activities of KG Inc, in particular the appointment and removal of governing members. As a result of this control, KG Inc is consolidated in the Financial Statements in accordance with IFRS 10. KG Inc. has been inactive since the California state cannabis license expiry in 2018.

Canada

Rubicon Organics' wholly owned subsidiary, Vintages Organic Cannabis Company Inc., holds a cultivation license and a processing license from Health Canada pursuant to the Cannabis Act (the "Cultivation & Processing Licenses"). The Company's licensed facility is a wholly-owned 125,000 square foot high-tech greenhouse on a 20-acre property located in Delta, British Columbia (the "Delta Facility"). During 2018, the Delta Facility underwent a retro-fit to comply with Health Canada standards in preparation for licensing. The Company is currently optimizing this facility to produce approximately 11,000 kilograms per year of super-premium cannabis. The Delta Facility is under cultivation with first harvest anticipated in Q2 2019. The Company has also commenced the organic certification process with the Fraser Valley Organic Producers Association. Upon completion, Rubicon Organics will be one of only a few LPs in Canada to provide certified organic cannabis.

Washington

On November 20, 2014, the Company acquired 16.6 acres of industrial land in Ferndale, Washington. In Q4 2017, the Company completed the construction of a 40,000 square foot high-tech, venlo-style greenhouse on the property capable of producing 4,500 kilograms of cannabis per year (the "Washington Facility"). The Company has leased the Washington Facility to an I-502 Tier 3-licensed tenant (the "Washington Tenant") in compliance with the Washington State Liquor and Cannabis Board (the "LCB"). The Washington Facility is currently under cultivation and completed its first commercial scale, organic harvest in April 2019.

California

Rubicon Organics sells 1964 Supply Co.TM branded packaging to a state-licensed operator who packages and distributes cannabis products to dispensaries throughout California.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018

Expressed in Canadian dollars

KEY DEVELOPMENTS IN THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2019

Highlights

- Health Canada awarded the Cultivation & Processing Licenses to the Delta Facility
- Starting materials and genetics brought to Delta Facility to commence cannabis cultivation in Canada
- Commencement of leasing of the Washington Facility
- The Washington Facility commenced its first commercial harvest which was completed in April 2019
- Refinancing of the Canadian facility debt
- Membership gained to the Global Cannabis Partnership
- Listing of the Company under the Symbol ROMJF on the OTCQX

Canada

On February 1, 2019, Health Canada awarded the Cultivation & Processing Licenses to the Delta Facility. As a result of receiving these licenses, the Company's entire 125,000 square foot facility is licensed for cultivation and processing. The Delta Facility has been specifically designed to utilize both industry leading LED technology and supplemental sunlight allowing Rubicon Organics to produce organic cannabis at scale at the highest possible quality.

The Cultivation & Processing Licenses allowed the Company to bring in an extensive library of unique and proven genetic starting materials including unique stabilized cultivars previously developed in the medical cannabis market, which are expected to be instrumental in Rubicon Organic's breeding program for new strains to the Canadian market. The extensive breadth and scope of the genetic library is a further sign of Rubicon Organics' commitment to quality through the development and stabilization of disease-free and pest-resistant cannabis cultivars for future commercial production.

During the first three months of the year and until the date of this MD&A, the Company continued to work to rampup the Delta Facility readying it for full scale commercial production. With the initial genetic starting materials on site, the first pilot scale harvest is planted and expected to be harvested in Q2 2019 with commercial scale production harvests expected in Q3 2019.

Washington

Effective January 1, 2019 the Company allowed its contractual agreement with Vega, the state licensed tenant who operated Rubicon's leased extraction laboratory in the state of Washington to expire. As a result, from January 1, 2019 the cannabis sales revenues, results of operations, and assets and liabilities of Vega will no longer be consolidated in the Financial Statements of the Company.

The Company now leases the Washington Facility to the Washington Tenant, which has completed its initial pilot scale cultivation trial, using Rubicon Organics' proprietary cultivation program, which has achieved the Company's quality standard. As a result, Rubicon Organics has been able to proceed with brand licensing discussions for the launch of its 1964 Supply Co.TM brand in Washington state. The Company's Washington Facility is now fully planted out and bi-weekly crop harvesting has begun with the facility's first commercial scale harvest completed in April 2019.

California

Rubicon Organic's brand promise of meticulously delivering quality and consistency from seed to sale is of critical importance throughout every aspect of the Company. With the award winning, 1964 Supply Co.TM cannabis brand in

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018

Expressed in Canadian dollars

California, it was becoming increasingly difficult to maintain that premium promise. Many factors have contributed to this outcome, however, primarily it has become difficult to rely on third parties to deliver the end-to-end supply chain, whilst also meeting our high standards. Consequently, the Company has made the decision to reduce its footprint and maintain a minimal presence in California until such time as the supply chain is able to meet its premium product expectations each and every time.

Corporate

On January 21, 2019, two executive officers and one significant shareholder increased the existing revolving credit facilities provided to the Company to a total of \$600,000 and on February 28, 2019 was further increased to a total of \$2,100,000. The revolving credit facilities bear annual interest rate of 11% and is to be repaid on the earlier of completion of the next debt or equity financing or by April 30, 2019. As at March 31, 2019, the Company had drawn down a total of \$1,371,447 under these revolving credit facilities.

On January 25, 2019, Bryan Disher and David Donnan resigned as directors of the Company because the necessary security clearances for them were taking additional time as they lived over 90 consecutive days outside of Canada in the last five years. They subsequently obtained these out-of-Canada criminal background checks and were reappointed to the Board of Directors on April 23, 2019.

In March 2019, the Company was invited and gained membership in the Global Cannabis Partnership (the "GCP"). The GCP is a collaboration of leaders in the government-sanctioned adult-use recreational cannabis industry. With representation from government, private-sector and affiliate organizations, the GCP works to create international standards for the safe and responsible production, distribution and consumption of legal recreational cannabis.

On March 20, 2019, the Company completed a \$6,000,000 mortgage financing loan (the "Mortgage") from Romspen Investment Corporation. On March 25, 2019, the Company drew \$5,000,000 under the Mortgage, \$2,946,722 of which was used to settle the original mortgage on the Delta Facility. The Mortgage is collateralized by the Delta Facility, bears interest at a rate of 12.0% per annum and matures on September 30, 2020.

DEVELOPMENTS SUBSEQUENT TO MARCH 31, 2019

Corporate

On April 25, 2019, the Company completed a \$3,355,000 second mortgage financing loan from a group of lenders. The loan bears interest at a rate of 12.0% per annum, compounded quarterly) and matures on April 25, 2021. \$1,655,000 of the loan was provided by two executive officers and one insider shareholder and included the rollover of \$1,371,447 outstanding under the revolving credit facilities discussed above. The lenders were also issued 671,000 warrants with an exercise price of \$4.50 per common share that expire on April 25, 2022.

On April 23, 2019, the Company re-appointed Bryan Disher and David Donnan to the board of directors.

On May 28, 2019, the Company entered into a \$5,000,000 second mortgage financing loan from an overseas lender. The loan bears interest at a rate of 12.0% per annum (compounded quarterly) and matures on May 28, 2021. The lender was also issued 1,000,000 warrants with an exercise price of \$4.50 per common share that expire on May 28, 2022. As of May 28, 2019, the Company had drawn \$4,749,040 on the loan.

On May 28, 2019, the Company issued an aggregate of 213,250 stock options to new employees of the Company and 200,000 stock options to a service provider of the firm. The options are exercisable at C\$3.25 per share for a period of five years expiring on May 28, 2024, pursuant to the terms of the equity incentive plan.

OUTLOOK

In 2019, the Company has moved its entire focus to the Delta Facility and the Washington Facility now that they are licensed. Consequently, the Company has redeployed its resources and people, who have gained valuable operational experience, away from its pilot scale operation in California to its two primary assets.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018

Expressed in Canadian dollars

Canada: The Company continues to ramp-up the Delta Facility which is expected to produce approximately 11,000 kilograms per year of super-premium cannabis when it reaches full scale commencing in 2020. The Delta Facility is currently under cultivation with its first pilot scale harvest anticipated in Q2 2019. In 2019, the Company intends to obtain the organic certification for its cannabis production, achieve its sales license from Health Canada and develop brands for the Canadian markets.

Washington: The Company plans to continue to lease the Washington Facility and license its brands to a state-licensed producer/processor whereby brand recognition can be achieved consistently on the west coast of North America.

California: The Company is currently evaluating its options with respect to how the 1964 Supply Co. TM brand may be distributed within the state.

Corporate: The Company intends to continue to evaluate and assess new cannabis market opportunities in its existing jurisdictions and beyond. To support these activities, the Company is evaluating its options with respect to securing additional financing whether through equity financing, debt or other alternative structures, including strategic alliances.

QUARTERLY HIGHLIGHTS

The following table sets forth select financial information of the Company for the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018:

As at March 31,

	2019	2018
	\$	\$
Current assets	4,111,400	2,290,446
Total assets	30,189,453	28,328,663
Current liabilities	4,909,822	3,355,530
Non-current liabilities	4,797,417	2,911,820
Total liabilities	9,707,239	6,267,350
Shareholders' equity	20,482,214	22,061,313

For the three months ended March 31,

	2019	2018
	\$	\$
		(Restated*)
Revenue		374,440
Loss from operations	(2,091,779)	(2,326,202)
Net loss from continuing operations	(2,276,712)	(2,381,964)
Net loss for the period	(2,276,712)	(2,572,073)
Total comprehensive loss	(2,551,827)	(2,624,342)
Loss per share from continuing operations	(0.06)	(0.07)
Loss per share from operations	(0.06)	(0.08)
*Restated for deconsolidation of Vega		

There were no distributions or cash dividends during the period.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018

Expressed in Canadian dollars

The table below summarizes the Company's cash flows for the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018:

	For the three months ended		
	March 31,		
	2019	2018	
	\$	\$	
Net cash provided (used in)		_	
Operating activities	(829,223)	(2,815,303)	
Investing activities	(1,110,179)	(1,262,596)	
Financing activities	3,288,305	3,579,410	
Effect of foreign exchange on cash	9,224	(6,438)	
Increase (decrease) in cash	1,358,127	(504,927)	
Cash beginning of the period	232,420	2,944,775	
Cash end of the period	1,590,547	2,439,848	

Throughout the first quarter of 2019, the Company has focused on its primary assets, being its Delta Facility and its Washington Facility. In addition, the Company expanded its team in anticipation of the next phase of its business plan to cultivate cannabis, and bring organic and other cannabis brands to market.

Revenue in Q1 2019 relates to lease revenue from the Company's Washington Facility. There were no sales of cannabis product or branded packaging during the quarter. Revenue in Q1 2018 related to the sale of cannabis products and branded packaging in California and Washington.

Rubicon Organics' operations continue to be funded through equity and debt financing.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018

Expressed in Canadian dollars

FINANCIAL REVIEW AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following summary of financial information has been derived from the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements:

tationoms.	For the three months end	
	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018 (restated)*
Revenue		274 440
Product sales	_	374,440
Cost of sales	_	(264,515)
Loss on inventory write-off		(1,502)
Gross profit before fair value adjustments	_	108,423
Gain on changes in fair value of biological assets	121,610	
Gross profit	121,610	108,423
Lease revenue	638,137	_
Operating expenses		
Share-based compensation	972,728	163,418
Consulting, salaries and wages	848,169	795,509
General and administrative expenses	781,382	747,382
Depreciation and amortization	222,950	288,643
Sales and marketing expense	26,297	439,673
	2,851,526	2,434,625
Loss from operations	(2,091,779)	(2,326,202)
Loss on deconsolidation of Vega	135,859	_
Interest on loans	46,224	31,944
Net realized foreign exchange	2,603	12,402
Loss from continuing operations before income tax	(2,276,465)	(2,370,548)
Income tax expense	247	11,416
Net loss from continuing operations	(2,276,712)	(2,381,964)
Loss from discontinued operations		(190,109)
Net Loss for the period	(2,276,712)	(2,572,073)
Other comprehensive income		
Exchange rate differences on translation of foreign operations	(275,115)	(52,269)
Total comprehensive loss	(2,551,827)	(2,624,342)
Net loss per share from continuing operations, basic and diluted	(0.06)	(0.07)
Net loss per share from discontinued operations, basic and diluted	_	(0.01)
Net loss per share from operations, basic and diluted	(0.06)	(0.08)
Weighted average number of shares	36,811,425	32,337,773

^{*}Restated for deconsolidation of Vega.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018 Expressed in Canadian dollars

Revenue

Revenue in Q1 2019 relates to lease revenue from the Company's Washington Facility.

Revenue in Q1 2018 relates principally to sales in California of 1964 Supply Co.TM branded cannabis products to distributors. The Company continued these sales up until KG Inc.'s license expired on August 15, 2018. From August 16, 2018, sales in California related exclusively to 1964 Supply Co.TM branded packaging sales. Through the latter part of 2018, the transition to a new licensing framework in California resulted in a shortage of supply of compliant, high quality flower. In order to adhere to its high-quality standards, the Company made the decision to halt sales until appropriate priced and quality product could be obtained resulting in lower sales. In Q1 2019, there were no sales in California.

With the first pilot scale harvest anticipated in the Delta Facility in Q2 2019, there are currently no sales in Canada. Revenue is expected to be generated in the second half of 2019.

Operating expenses

Operating expenses have increased year over year with the ramp up of operations, including the build out of the Canadian team. Consulting, salaries and wages increased significantly, as expected, with headcount increasing along with the growth of the business. The Company anticipates that salaries expenses will continue to increase through 2019 with the expansion of the corporate office and ramp-up of the Canadian operations. Non-cash share-based payments reflect the issuance of options for new and existing team members as well as certain external consultants.

Other significant costs include general and administrative costs which increased in line with the growth of the business and developments in all jurisdictions. During the period, the Company also recognised a loss on deconsolidation of Vega.

Other comprehensive income (loss)

The other comprehensive income (loss) with respect to foreign currency translation difference varies at each reporting date given the fluctuations between the United States Dollar and the Canadian Dollar. This foreign currency translation difference includes the impact of foreign exchange on intercompany loans whose retranslation is treated as equity (until the foreign operation is disposed of) and the translation of the foreign operation from its functional currency into Canadian Dollars. For the period ended March 31, 2019, the impact of the foreign currency translation differences was other comprehensive loss of \$275,115 (March 31, 2018 – loss of \$52,269).

SUMMARY OF QUARTERLY RESULTS

The following table summarizes quarterly financial results for Rubicon Organics for the last eight quarters:

	2019	2018				2017		
(C\$000's)	Q1	Q4	Q3	Q2	Q1	Q4	Q3	Q2
Revenue	638	84	754	674	517	261	239	198
Net Loss for the	(2,277)	(4,672)	(3,504)	(19,128)	(2,571)	(1,803)	(1,140)	(1,730)
period								
Shares outstanding	36,811	36,811	33,153	32,735	32,735	31,000	28,177	27,561
Net loss per share	(\$0.06)	(\$0.12)	(\$0.11)	(\$0.58)	(\$0.08)	(\$0.06)	(\$0.04)	(\$0.06)
from operations,								
basic and diluted								

In 2019, the Company earned revenue from the lease of the Washington Facility. Prior to 2019, revenue related to sales in Washington and California from pilot scale operations. The net loss of the business has grown as the team and activity of the Company has grown with expansion of the team, increased professional services being obtained and the impact of non-cash, share-based payments on the quarterly results. For a detailed review of Q1 2019, refer to the results analysis under 'Financial Review and Results of Operations'.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018

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LIQUIDITY AND GOING CONCERN

As at March 31, 2019, the Company had cash available of \$1,590,547 and negative working capital of \$798,422. Operating activities in the period ended March 31, 2019 used \$829,223 of cash, largely driven by the operating expenses described above.

During the three months ended March 31, 2019, the Company received \$3,288,305 in net proceeds from financings.

The Company's historical operations and development have principally been funded through debt and the sale of securities. The Company has recently received its Cultivation and Processing licenses from Health Canada for its Delta Facility and beginning in December 2018 its Washington Facility has been leased to a state licensed tenant. The Company has not yet generated revenue from the Delta Facility but expects that crops will be harvested from this facility in Q2 2019. As at March 31, 2019, the Company had not achieved profitable operations and had accumulated losses of \$44,396,198 since its inception.

The Financial Statements have been prepared on a going concern basis which assumes that the Company will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business for the foreseeable future. The continuing operations of the Company are dependent upon its ability to obtain debt or equity financing until it achieves profitable operations. The Company believes that its current resources together with the debt financings completed to date in 2019 as well as further debt facilities anticipated to close in the near-term will be sufficient to carry out the business plan to reach profitability. Notwithstanding this, under the right terms and in order to fund new growth opportunities, management intends to continue its efforts to secure external financing through the issuance of equity and debt as a source of financing the operations of the Company; however, there can be no certainty that such funds will be available on a timely basis and at terms acceptable to the Company, or at all. The conditions described above including the uncertainties related to attaining profitable operations may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The Company is currently seeking additional capital, mergers, acquisitions, joint ventures, partnerships and other business arrangements to expand its product offering in the cannabis industry and grow its revenue.

CAPITAL RESOURCES

The Company has the following contractual obligations as at March 31, 2019:

(C\$000's)	Payments due by period				
Contractual obligations	Total	Less than 1 year	1-3 years	4-5 years	After 5 years
Mortgage ¹	5,900	600	5,300		
Operating leases ²	101	96	5	_	_
Right-of-use asset	79	18	56	5	_
Total contractual obligations	6,080	714	5,361	5	_

¹ Relates to the first mortgage facility. Includes principle and interest obligations

With the Initial Retrofitting completed and the Cultivation and Processing Licenses received from Health Canada, the Delta Facility has begun pilot scale cultivation. The remaining capital required to optimize the Delta Facility will be financed through operating cash flows, debt and equity sources.

² Operating leases relate to rental of the Vancouver head office.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018

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OUTSTANDING SHARE DATA

The Company's authorized share capital consists of an unlimited number of common shares without par value.

As at May 28, 2019 the Company has the following securities outstanding.

	Number of units	Exercise Price
Common Shares	36,811,425	
Stock Options:		
Expiring – December 17, 2020	1,375,000	US\$1.00
Expiring – March 21, 2021	24,000	US\$1.00
Expiring – June 30, 2021	90,000	US\$1.00
Expiring – August 17, 2021	500,000	US\$1.00
Expiring – January 12, 2022	80,000	US\$1.50
Expiring – July 31, 2022	270,000	US\$2.00
Expiring – November 15, 2022	5,000	US\$2.00
Expiring – January 21, 2023	32,000	US\$2.00
Expiring – July 31, 2023	2,380,000	\$3.25
Expiring – September 24, 2023	15,000	\$3.25
Expiring – September 24, 2023	350,000	\$8.15
Expiring – May 28, 2024	413,250	\$3.25
Total Stock Options	5,534,250	
Broker Warrants	183,431	\$3.25
Warrants	2,038,009	\$4.20
Loan Warrants	1,671,000	\$4.50
Fully Diluted Shares Outstanding	46,238,115	

PROPOSED TRANSACTIONS

There are no undisclosed proposed transactions that will materially affect the Company.

OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

The Company does not have any material off-balance sheet arrangements.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

On January 21, 2019, two executive officers and one significant shareholder increased the existing revolving credit facilities provided to the Company in 2018 to a total of \$600,000 and on February 28, 2019 the facilities were further increased to a total of \$2,100,000. The revolving credit facilities bear annual interest rate of 11% and is to be repaid on the earlier of completion of the next debt or equity financing or by April 30, 2019. As at March 31, 2019, the Company had drawn down a total of \$1,371,447 under these revolving credit facilities.

As at March 31, 2019, \$168,360 (December 31, 2018: \$181,360) was owed to officers and directors of the Company for expenses paid on behalf of the Company in the normal course of operations. Included in accounts payable at March 31, 2019 is \$319,377 in accrued salaries to executives (December 31, 2018: \$103,126).

Compensation of key management personnel

Key management personnel are those persons having the authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling activities of the entity, directly or indirectly. The key management personnel of the Company are the members of the Company's executive management team and Board of Directors.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

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Key management compensation was comprised of:

	March 31, 2019 \$	March 31, 2018 \$
Salaries	170,403	135,954
Share based compensation	436,713	36,141
Total compensation of key management personnel	607,116	172,095

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

The preparation of the Financial Statements requires management to make certain estimates, judgments and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the Financial Statements and reported amounts of expenses during the reporting period. Actual outcomes could differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in future periods affected.

Management considers the policies described in note 4 of the Financial Statements to be the most critical in understanding the judgments that are involved in the preparation of the Company's Financial Statements and the uncertainties that could impact its results of operations, financial condition and cash flows.

CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES INCLUDING INITIAL ADOPTION

• IFRS 16 – *Leases* ("**IFRS 16**")

IFRS 16 replaces the previous guidance on leases, predominantly IAS 17, *Leases*. The Company has applied IFRS 16 with an initial application date of January 1, 2019, in accordance with the transitional provisions specified in IFRS 16. As a result, the Company has changed its accounting policy for lease contracts as detailed below.

The Company as lessor

Rental income from operating leases is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised on a straight-line basis over the lease term

The Company as lessee

The Company adopted IFRS 16 on January 1, 2019 using the modified retrospective approach. Comparative information has not been restated. As a result, the Company recognized the cumulative effect of initially applying IFRS 16 as an adjustment to the accumulated deficit as at January 1, 2019.

The Company has applied the following practical expedient:

On transition to IFRS 16, the Company elected to apply the practical expedient to grandfather the assessment of which transactions are leases. The Company applied IFRS 16 only to contracts that were previously identified as leases. Contracts that were not identified as leases under IAS 17, were not reassessed for whether there is a lease. The Company applied the definition of a lease under IFRS 16 to contracts entered into or changed on or after January 1, 2019.

The Company has recognized lease liabilities and right-of-use assets at the date of initial application for leases previously classified as operating leases. The Company has elected not to recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for lease terms of 12 months or less and leases for which the underlying asset is of low value. The

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

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Company has elected to measure the right-of-use assets at the carrying amount as if IFRS 16 had been applied since the commencement date, discounted using the Company's incremental borrowing rate at the date of initial application. For the lease the Company previously classified as a finance lease under IAS 17, the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset and the lease liability at the date of initial application is equal to the carrying amount of the leased asset and lease liability immediately before the date of initial application.

The following is the Company's policy for accounting for lease contracts in accordance with IFRS 16:

At the inception of a contract, the Company assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. The Company recognizes a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the commencement date of the lease. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset, less any lease incentives received. The right-of-use asset is subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term. In addition, the right-of-use assets are adjusted for impairment losses, if any. The estimated useful lives and recoverable amounts of right-of-use assets are determined on the same basis as those of property and equipment. The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, the Company's incremental borrowing rate. The lease liability is subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. The Company has elected not to recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for lease terms of 12 months or less and leases for which the underlying asset is of low value. The Company recognizes the lease payments associated with these leases as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Company classifies its financial assets and liabilities depending on the purpose for which the financial instruments were acquired, their characteristics, and management intent as outlined below:

Cash	FVTPL
Accounts receivable and other assets	Amortized cost
Due from related parties	Amortized cost
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	Amortized cost
Due to related party	Amortized cost
Mortgage	Amortized cost
Investment	FVTPL

The fair values of accounts receivable, other assets, amounts due from related parties, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, and amounts due to a related party approximate their carrying amounts due to the short-term maturity of those instruments.

The Company is exposed in varying degrees to a variety of financial instrument related risks. The main types of risk are credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk. These risks arise throughout the normal course of operations and all transactions are undertaken as a going concern. The type of risk exposure and the way in which such exposure is managed is provided as follows:

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. The Company is exposed to credit risk on its cash and accounts receivable. The carrying amount of these assets represent the maximum credit exposure.

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The Company limits exposure to credit risk by maintaining its cash with institutions of high credit worthiness.

Institution	\$
National banks	1,590,423
Cash	124

The objective of managing counterparty credit risk is to prevent losses in financial assets. The Company assesses credit quality of the counterparties, taking into account their financial position, past experience and other factors. Credit risk is mitigated by entering into arrangements with reputable and stable counterparties and frequent reviews of exposure to individual entities.

An impairment analysis of receivables is performed at each reporting date and the balances are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery. Indicators that there is no reasonable expectation of recovery include, amongst others, the failure of a debtor to engage in a repayment plan and a change in the commercial terms associated with the balance held. The Company's largest receivable balance is the rent receivable from DPI (note 6 of the Financial Statements). The Company also has an amount receivable from Vega of \$1,800,780 but this amount is fully impaired at March 31, 2019.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash. The Company manages its capital in order to meet short term business requirements, after taking into account cash flows, capital expenditures and cash holdings. The Company believes that these sources should be sufficient to cover the likely short-term requirements. In the long term, the Company may have to issue debt or additional common shares to ensure that there is cash available for its programs.

All current liabilities, being accounts payable, accrued liabilities, the current portion of the loans and borrowings and due to related parties, are payable within one year and are to be funded from cash. Long term liabilities consist of the loans and borrowings.

Foreign exchange risk

The Company and its subsidiaries conduct business in foreign countries, with certain transactions denominated in currencies other than the functional currency of the Company or the subsidiaries conducting the business. Foreign currency transactions are exposed to currency risk due to fluctuations in foreign exchange rates.

For the three months ended March 31, 2019 the Company was exposed to currency risk through the following assets and liabilities denominated in US\$:

		March 31, 2019		December 31, 2018
Cash		230,969	-	97,863
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(450,697)		(610,936)
	US\$	(219,728)	US\$	(513,073)

A 10% change of the US\$ against the Canadian \$ at March 31, 2019 would have decreased net loss by \$29,362 (December 31, 2018: \$69,993) or increased net loss by \$29,362 (December 31, 2018: \$69,993).

Fair value

The Company classifies its fair value measurements with a fair value hierarchy, which reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements as defined in IFRS 13 – *Financial Instruments; Fair Value Measurement* ("IFRS 13").

Level 1 – Unadjusted quoted prices at the measurement date for identical assets or liabilities in active markets.

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Level 2 – Observable inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1, such as quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets and liabilities in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data.

Level 3 – Unobservable inputs which are supported by little or no market activity. As required by IFRS 13, assets and liabilities are classified in their entirety based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

Cash is classified as a Level 1 financial instrument. Accounts receivables, loans and borrowings, due from related party, and accounts payable and accrued liabilities are classified as Level 2 financial instruments and are carried at amortized costs.

The Company's investment in Thirty Three Health was measured at fair value based on unobservable inputs and was considered a level 3 financial instrument.

There were no transfers within the fair value hierarchy during the period ended March 31, 2019.

CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

It is management's objective to safeguard its capital in order that it will be able to continue as a going concern in the best interests of all stakeholders.

The Company currently has limited sources of revenues and as such the Company is dependent upon external financings and debt to fund activities. In order to finance future projects and to pay for administrative activities, the Company will spend its existing working capital and raise additional funds through debt, equity, or a combination thereof as needed until it reaches profitable operations. Management reviews its capital management practices on an ongoing basis and believes that their approach, given the relative size of the Company, is reasonable. There have been no changes to the Company's capital management program during the three months ended March 31, 2019.

RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

This section discusses factors relating to the business of the Company that should be considered by both existing and potential investors. The Company is pursuing commercial ventures in the cannabis business that encompass the biotechnology and agricultural industries and as such is exposed to a number of risks and uncertainties that are not uncommon to other companies in the same business. The Company remains in pilot scale and has limited revenue from operations. The Company continues to have limited capital resources and relies upon debt and/and equity financings to make new investments and to fund the operations of the Company. Investing in the Company's common shares involves significant risks. An investor should carefully consider the summary of risks described below, which are qualified in their entirety by reference to, and must be read in conjunction with, the detailed information appearing in the Company's MD&A dated April 26, 2019. The risks and uncertainties described in the Company's MD&A dated April 26, 2019 and those described below are those we currently believe to be material, but they are not the only ones we face. If any of the following risks, or any other risks and uncertainties that we have not yet identified or that we currently consider not to be material, actually occur or become material risks, our business, prospects, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows could be materially and adversely affected. In that event, the market price of the Company's common shares could decline, and you could lose part or all of your investment.

Operational Risks and Other Significant Factors

Cannabis is listed as a Schedule 1 drug under the federal Controlled Substances Act. For this reason, the federal government could shut down the operations of the Company at any time. Under the Obama Administration, the Department of Justice released a memo on August 29, 2013 which issued guidance to federal prosecutors on certain enforcement priorities. These priorities included preventing the distribution of cannabis to minors, preventing revenue from sales going to criminal enterprises, preventing diversion of product between states etc. The memorandum put the onus for all other regulation onto the individual states, indicating that only when the prioritized harms materialized would strict federal enforcement prevail. In January 2018, the Attorney General of the United States rescinded this memorandum. While federal prosecutors have the authority to prosecute business and individuals engaged in the

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018 Expressed in Canadian dollars

production, processing and sale of cannabis in states such as Washington and California, there has been no evidence of such enforcement to date as doing so would cause serious economic hardship for states dependent on cannabis tax revenues. Accordingly, this is a substantial risk and there is no guarantee that the Company will be successful in operating without interference or prohibition by the federal government.

CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

To the best of our knowledge, there are no known existing or potential material conflicts of interest among us and our directors, officers or other members of Management as a result of their outside business interests except that certain of our directors and officers serve as directors, officers or advisors of other companies, and therefore it is possible that a conflict may arise between their duties to us and their duties as a director, officer or advisor of such other companies.

CAUTIONARY NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Some of the statements contained in this MD&A are forward-looking statements, such as estimates and statements that describe the Company's plans, objectives or goals, including words to the effect that the Company or management expects a stated condition or result to occur.

Forward-looking statements may be identified by such terms as "believes", "if", "expects", "estimates", "may", "could", "should", "will", "intends" and similar expressions. Since forward-looking statements are based on assumptions and address future events and conditions, by their very nature they involve inherent risks and uncertainties.

Although the Company believes that the expectations represented by such forward-looking information or statements are reasonable, there is significant risk that the forward-looking information or statements may not be achieved, and the underlying assumptions thereto will not prove to be accurate. Forward-looking statements are based on certain assumptions and analyses made by the Company considering the experience and perception of historical trends, current conditions and expected future developments and other factors it believes are appropriate and are subject to risks and uncertainties. In making the forward-looking statements included in this MD&A, the Company has made various material assumptions, including but not limited to (i) information or statements concerning the Company's expectations of current financial resources being sufficient to fund operations; (ii) obtaining the necessary regulatory approvals; (iii) that regulatory requirements will be maintained; (iv) general business and economic conditions; (v) the Company's ability to successfully execute its plans and intentions; (vi) the Company's ability to obtain financing at reasonable terms though the sale of equity and/or debt commitments; (vii) the Company's ability to attract and retain skilled staff; (viii) market competition; (ix) the products and technology offered by the Company's competitors; and (x) that our current good relationships with our suppliers, service providers and other third parties will be maintained.

Actual results or events could differ materially from the plans, intentions and expectations expressed or implied in any forward-looking information or statements, including the underlying assumptions thereto, as a result of numerous risks, uncertainties and other factors including: the legal status of cannabis cultivation, distribution and sales in the United States and Canada; changes in general economic conditions and conditions in the financial markets; litigation, legislative, environmental and other judicial, regulatory, political and competitive developments; uncertainty about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern; risk that the Company will not obtain or retain any relevant licenses; technological and operational difficulties encountered in connection with the Company's activities; changing foreign exchange rates and other matters discussed in this MD&A.

Although we have attempted to identify factors that would cause actual actions, events or results to differ materially from those described in forward-looking statements and information, there may be other factors that cause actual results, performances, achievements or events to not be as anticipated, estimated or intended. Many of the factors are beyond our control. This list is not exhaustive of the factors that may affect any of the Company's forward-looking statements. These and other factors should be considered carefully, and readers should not place undue reliance on the Company's forward-looking statements. We disclaim any intention and assume no obligation to update any forward-looking statements even if new information becomes available, as a result of future events, new information, or for any other reason except as required by law. These forward-

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018 Expressed in Canadian dollars

looking statements are made as of the date hereof. Additional information related to us is available by accessing the Canadian Securities Administrators' System for Electronic Document Analysis and Retrieval ("SEDAR") website at www.sedar.com.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Additional information related to the Company is available on the Company's website at www.rubiconorganics.com and through its public filings on www.sedar.com.

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For the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018

Expressed in Canadian dollars

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Shares Listed Canadian Securities Exchange

Trading symbol: ROMJ

OTCQX Best Market Trading symbol: ROMJF

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